N9042B UXA X-Series Signal Analyzer, Multi-touch

2 Hz to 26.5, 44, 50 or 75 GHz





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Definitions and Conditions

This data sheet provides performance information for Keysight N9042B Signal Analyzers.

Specifications describe the performance of parameters covered by the product warranty and apply to temperature ranges 15°C to 40°C for frequency below 50 GHz and 20°C to 30°C for frequency range 50 GHz to 75 GHz, unless otherwise noted.

95th percentile values indicate the breadth of the population (approx. 2σ) of performance tolerances expected to be met in 95% of the cases with a 95% confidence, for any ambient temperature in the range of 20°C to 30°C. In addition to the statistical observations of a sample of instruments, these values include the effects of the uncertainties of external calibration references. These values are not warranted. These values are updated occasionally if a significant change in the statistically observed behavior of production instruments is observed.

Typical values (typ) describe additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specifications that 80% of the units exhibit with a 95% confidence level over the temperature range 20°C to 30°C. Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

Nominal values (nom) indicate expected performance or describe product performance that is useful in the application of the product but are not covered by the product warranty.

The analyzer will meet its specifications when:

- Analyzer is within its calibration cycle
- Analyzer is under auto couple control, except that Auto Sweep Time Rules = Accuracy
- Signal frequencies < 10 MHz, DC coupling applied
- Analyzer is used in an environment that falls within allowed operating range; and has been in that environment at least 2 hours before being turned on.
- Analyzer has been turned on at least 30 minutes with AutoAlign set to Normal; or, if Auto Align is set to Off or Partial, alignments must have been run recently enough to prevent an Alert message. Note that factory default is with the AutoAlign set to Light, which (compared to Normal) allows wider temperature changes before causing Alignments to run automatically. The benefit is that Alignments interrupt less frequently. The user can change AutoAlign to Normal if desired, and this setting will persist after power cycle or PRESET. If the Alert condition is changed from "Time and Temperature" to one of the disabled duration choices, the analyzer may fail to meet specifications without informing the user. In practice, the impact of such choices is primarily on Absolute Amplitude Accuracy.

The term "mixer level" is used as a condition for many specifications in this document. This term is a conceptual quantity that is defined as follows: Mixer Level (dBm) = RF Input Power Level (dBm) - (Mechanical Attenuation) (dB) - (Electronic Attenuation) (dB).

The term "attenuation" is used for many specifications in this document; this refers to the Mechanical Attenuator, unless otherwise stated.



Certification

Keysight Technologies certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Keysight Technologies further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the International System of Units (SI) via national metrology institutes (www.keysight.com/find/NMI) that are signatories to the CIPM Mutual Recognition Arrangement.

Common abbreviations

- Common approviations	
BW	bandwidth
FBP	full bypass path
FFT	fast Fourier transform
IQ	in-phase quadrature-phase (sample data)
IVL	Individual validated license (for export to restricted countries)
LNA	low-noise amplifier
LNP	low-noise path
LO	local oscillator
PA	pre-amplifier
MPB	microwave preselector bypass
RBW	resolution bandwidth (filter)
VBW	video bandwidth (filter)
VRW	video bandwidth (filter)



Frequency and Time Specifications

Frequency option		Frequency range		
526		2 Hz to 26.5 GHz		
544		2 Hz to 44 GHz		
550		2 Hz to 50 GHz		
575		2 Hz to 75 GHz		
Minimal frequency				
PA off, LNA off		2 Hz		
PA on		9 kHz		
LNA on		30 MHz		
Swept spectrum analysi	is (these bands are no	t applicable to wide-bandwidth IQ analysis)		
Swept frequency band	LO multiple (N)	Frequency range		
0	1	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz		
1	1	3.5 to 8.4 GHz		
2	2	8.3 to 13.6 GHz		
3	2	13.5 to 17.1 GHz		
4	4	17.0 to 26.5 GHz		
5	4	26.4 to 34.5 GHz		
6	8	34.4 to 50 GHz		
7	8	50 to 59 GHz		
8a	12	56.5 to 66.7 GHz		
8b	12	64.2 to 75 GHz		
Frequency reference				
Accuracy (total)		± [(Initial accuracy) + (aging rate x time since last adjustment) + (temperature stability)]		
Aging rate		± 3 x 10 ⁻⁸ / year		
Temperature stability, full to	emperature range	± 4.5 x 10-9		
Achievable initial calibration		± 3.1 x 10 ⁻⁸		
Example frequency reference accuracy 1 year after last adjustment		= $\pm (3 \times 10^{-8} + 4.5 \times 10^{-9} + 3.1 \times 10^{-8})$ = $\pm 6.6 \times 10^{-8}$		
Residual FM				
(Center frequency = 1 GHz		≤ (0.25 Hz x N) p-p in 20 ms nominal		
10 Hz RBW, 10 Hz VBW)		(N = LO multiple, see band table above)		
Frequency readout accu	• •			
± (marker frequency x freq is Span/(SweepPoints-1)	uency reference accurac	y + 0.10 % x span + 5 % x RBW + 2 Hz + 0.5 x horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution		
Marker frequency count	er			
Accuracy		± (marker frequency x frequency reference accuracy + 0.100 Hz)		
Delta counter accuracy		± (delta frequency x frequency reference accuracy + 0.141 Hz)		
Counter resolution		0.001 Hz		
Frequency span (FFT ar	nd swept mode)			
Range	1	0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximum frequency of instrument		
Resolution		2 Hz		
Accuracy				
•		(0.1.0/ y open a harizontal resolution) where harizontal analytical is a resultance of the state		
Stepped/Swept FFT		± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1) ± (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points –1)		
		T (0.1 /0 x span + nonzonian resolution) where nonzonian resolution is span/(sweep points - 1)		
Sweep time and triggeri				
Range Span = 0 Hz		1 µs to 6000 s		
J -	Span ≥ 10 Hz	1 ms to 4000 s		
Accuracy	Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept	± 0.01% nominal		
	Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT	± 40% nominal		
	Span = 0 Hz	± 0.01% nominal		
Trianna Dalar	Span = 0 Hz or FFT	_150 to +500 ms		
Trigger Delay	Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept	0 to 500 ms		
	Resolution	0.1 µs		



Time gating	
Gate methods	Gated LO; gated video; gated FFT
Gate length range (except method = FFT)	1 μs to 5.0 s
Gate delay range	0 to 100.0 s
Gate delay jitter	33.3 ns p-p nominal
Sweep (trace) point range	
All spans	3 to 100,001
Resolution bandwidth (RBW) (see also IQ Ana	lysis section)
Range (with –3 dB bandwidth, standard)	1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% steps), 4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz
Bandwidth accuracy (power)	
	

RBW range	Accuracy
1 Hz to 100 kHz	± 0.5% (± 0.022 dB)
110 kHz to 1.0 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 1.0% (± 0.044 dB)
1.1 to 2 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 0.07 dB (nominal)
2.2 to 3 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 0.10 dB (nominal)
4 to 10 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 0.20 dB (nominal)

Bandwidth accuracy (-3 dB)

RBW range	Accuracy
1 Hz to 1.3 MHz	± 2% (nominal)
1.5 MHz to 3 MHz	
 (≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency) 	± 7% (nominal)
• (> 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 8% (nominal)
4 MHz to 10 MHz	
 (≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency) 	± 15% (nominal)
• (> 3.6 GHz center frequency)	± 20% (nominal)
Selectivity (-60 dB/-3 dB)	4.1: 1 (nominal)
EMI bandwidths (CISPR 16-1-1; requires N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E)	200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, 1 MHz
EMI bandwidths (MIL-STD-461; requires N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E)	10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz, 1 MHz

Preselector bandwidth

Thor	aracalactar can ba	avo a cianiticant	nacchand rinnla	To avoid ambiguous	roculte the	4 dB bandwidth is characterize	٦d
1110	JI 636166101 6411 116	ave a siui iiiicai ii	Dassballu libbic.	TO avolu attibiquous	i coulto, li ic -	4 ub banuwiuth is charactenze	5u

Center frequency	Mean bandwidth (- 4 dB)
5 GHz	46 MHz
10 GHz	52 MHz
15 GHz	53 MHz
20 GHz	55 MHz
25 GHz	56 MHz
35 GHz	62 MHz
44 GHz	70 MHz
50 GHz	76 MHz

Video bandwidth (VBW) filters

Range	1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% steps), 4, 5, 6, 8 MHz, and wide open (labeled 50 MHz)
Accuracy	± 6%, nominal

Detector types

Normal, peak, sample, negative peak, log power average, RMS average, and voltage average		
With Option N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E	Add quasi-peak and EMI average to above	



Triggers and Gating

Trigger/Gate sources

	Swept trigger	Gate source	Wide bandwidth IQ trigger	Supplemental information
Free Run	Υ		Υ	
External 1	Y	Υ		litter up to 22 no n n (naminal)
External 2	Y	Υ		Jitter up to ~33 ns p-p (nominal)
External 3			Υ	Jitter < 20 ps (nominal)
RF Burst	Y	Υ		IF path ≤ 40 MHz only
Video (IF Mag)	Y		Υ	In 255 MHz IF path only; at greater bandwidths, ADC trigger is similar
ADC			Υ	Similar to Video, but operates digitally on mag[I,Q], prior to decimation, filtering, and corrections. Available for bandwidth > 255 MHz.
Line	Y	Υ	Υ	
Periodic	Y	Y	Υ	Repetitive "frame" trigger, at precise interval, following an External or RF Burst trigger
TV	Υ	Υ		

Triggers

Video (independent of Display Scaling and Reference Level)	Specifications	Supplemental information
Minimum settable level	-170 dBm	Useful range limited by noise
Maximum usable level		Highest allowed mixer level (the highest allowed mixer level depends on the IF gain. It is nominally –10 dBm for preamp off and IF gain = low) + 2 dB (nominal)

Detector and sweep type relationships

	Supplemental info	ormation		
Sweep Type = Swept				
Detector = Normal, Peak, Sample or Negative Peak	Triggers on the sign	Triggers on the signal before detection, which is similar to the displayed signal		
Detector = Average		Triggers on the signal before detection, but with a single-pole filter added to give similar smoothing to that of the average detector		
Sweep Type = FFT	Triggers on the sign	al envelope in a bandwidth wider than the FFT width		
RF Burst	Specifications	Supplemental information		
Level range	-40 to -10 dBm plus attenuation (nominal)	Noise will limit trigger level range at high frequencies, such as above 15 GHz		
Level accuracy				

Level accuracy		
With positive slope trigger. Trigger level with nega	tive slope is nominally 1	to 4 dB lower than positive slope.
Absolute	± 2 dB + absolute a	mplitude accuracy (nominal)
Relative	± 2 dB (nominal)	
Bandwidth (-10 dB)		
Most cases	> 80 MHz	
(including RF Burst Level Type = Relative)	(nominal)	
Start Freq < 650 MHz		
RF Burst Level Type = Absolute		
Sweep Type = Swept	16 MHz (nominal)	
Sweep Type = FFT		
FFT Width 8 to 25 MHz	30 MHz (nominal)	
• FFT Width < 8 MHz	16 MHz (nominal)	
Frequency limitations		If the start or center frequency is too close to zero, LO feedthrough can degrade or prevent triggering. How close is too close depends on the bandwidth listed above.
Amplitude requirements		-65 dBm minimum video carrier power at the input mixer, nominal



Amplitude Accuracy and Range Specifications

Amplitude characteristics vary by user-selectable front-end path. Swept SA measurements are normally made with preselector on (in circuit). These settings impact amplitude accuracy and range.

Front end settings

			Default selection following power-on, boot-up, or PRESET. Settings provide best dynamic
1a		Preselector	range and lowest internally-generated distortion. Suitable for harmonics, IMD, spurious in presence of large signals, etc. unless noise-limited.
1b	Standard path	Preselector, LNA on	Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Suitable for distortion measurements (harmonics, IMD, etc.) when a lower noise floor is needed. Operates down to 10-20 MHz
1c		Preselector, PA on	Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1b. Allows tuning down to 100 kHz.
1d		Preselector, LNA on, PA on	Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lowest possible DANL, compared to 1c. Best for finding low-level spurs, oscillations, etc. near the noise floor. Allows use of wider RBW setting to achieve equivalent noise floors, so can make spur searching faster.
2a	Low-noise path (LNP) Preselector, LNP Preselector, LNP, LNA on		Bypasses the preamplifier. Settings provide the lowest distortion and best dynamic range, yet with lower DANL at higher frequencies, when compared with 1a. Path not active below 3.6 GHz.
2b			Bypasses the preamplifier. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide the lower DANL, compared to 2a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Path not active at below 3.6 GHz.
3a	MPB		Bypasses preselector. Settings provide very good EVM floor at mid-high input power region (using attenuation), including below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Recommend using path 4a if above 3.6 GHz.
3b	Microwave	LNA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM at low input power for below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 4b if above 3.6 GHz.
3с	preselector bypass path (MPB)	PA on	Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Settings allowed only for very low power levels since preselector is bypassed. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.
3d	LNA on, PA on		Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good sensitivity for narrowband swept measurements only. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation.
4a	Full humana made	LNP, MPB	Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Settings provide best EVM floor for mid-high input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3a if below 3.6 GHz.
4b	Full bypass path (FBP) LNP, MPB, LNA on		Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM floor for low input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3b if below 3.6 GHz.



Amplitude range			
Measurement range	Displayed average noise level (DANL) to +30 dBm (for preamp off) DANL to +24 dBm (for frequency opts ≤ 526 with preamp on) DANL to +20 dBm (for frequency opts > 526 with preamp on)		
Input mechanical attenuator range (2 Hz to 50 GHz)	0 to 70 dB in 2 dB steps		
Electronic attenuator (option EA3)			
Frequency range	2 Hz to 3.6 GHz (option EA3) 50 to 75 GHz (option 575)		
Attenuation range			
Electronic attenuator range	0 to 24 dB, 1 dB steps (option EA3) 0 to 26 dB, 2 dB steps (option 575,		
Full attenuation range (mechanical + electronic)	0 to 94 dB, 1 dB steps (option EA3)		
Maximum safe input level (max applied to RF input connector)			
Average total power (with and without preamp)			
2 Hz to 50 GHz	+30 dBm (1 W) +20 dBm (100 mW), full bypass path		
50 to 75 GHz	+18 dBm (63 mW)		
Peak pulse power (< 10 μs pulse width, < 1% duty cycle, and input attenuation ≥ 30 dB)			
2 Hz to 50 GHz	+50 dBm (100 W)		
50 to 75 GHz	+18 dBm (63 mW)		
DC Bias at RF Input	0 VDC max (DC coupled) 0.2 VDC max in full bypass path	Use external DC block as needed	
DC volts	0.2 VDC max in full bypass patif	needed	
DC coupled	± 0.2 Vdc (2 – 50 GHz) 0 Vdc (50 – 75 GHz)		
Display range			
Log scale	0.1 to 1 dB/division in 0.1 dB steps 1 to 20 dB/division in 1 dB steps (10 display)		
Linear scale	10 divisions		
Scale units	dBm, dBmV, dBμV, dBmA, dBμA, V, W, A		



Frequency Response

1a. Standard path frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

F	Full renera	20.4- 20.90	Timinal vulgas stated athemaias
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
9 kHz to 20 MHz	± 0.54 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 20 MHz to 50 MHz	± 0.44 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.12 dB
> 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.58 dB	± 0.52 dB	± 0.22 dB
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 0.98 dB
> 5.2 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 1.40 dB	± 0.58 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.54 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.70 dB	± 0.68 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.32 dB	± 1.90 dB	± 0.74 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 2.70 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 0.94 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 4.35 dB	± 3.00 dB	± 1.22 dB
> 50.0 to 70.0 GHz	N/A	± 4.00 dB	± 2.50 dB
> 70.0 to 75.0 GHz	N/A	± 5.00 dB	± 3.00 dB
Software Preselection ON Attenuation = 0 to 26 dB, 2 dB ste	ps		
> 50.0 to 75.0 GHz	N/A	N/A	± 1.50 dB (nom.)

1b. Standard path, LNA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
30 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.68 dB	± 0.54 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 2.90 dB	± 2.28 dB	± 1.14 dB
> 5.2 to 8.4 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 2.06 dB	± 0.98 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.40 dB	± 2.02 dB	± 0.88 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.40 dB	± 2.16 dB	± 0.88 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.86 dB	± 2.42 dB	± 0.98 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.10 dB	± 2.60 dB	± 1.18 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 5.25 dB	± 4.30 dB	± 2.04 dB

1c. Standard path, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
9 kHz to 1 MHz	N/A	N/A	± 0.82 dB
> 1 to 50 MHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.78 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.68 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.18 dB
> 3.6 to 5.2 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 1.20 dB
> 5.2 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 2.60 dB	± 1.64 dB	± 0.64 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.60 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 2.00 dB	± 0.70 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.86 dB	± 2.22 dB	± 0.72 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.10 dB	± 2.44 dB	± 1.02 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 5.06 dB	± 3.85 dB	± 1.78 dB

1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
< 3.6 GHz	If tuning < 3.6 GHz, ther	n standard path with LNA on is used	d.
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 3.00 dB	± 2.50 dB	± 1.36 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.50 dB	± 2.20 dB	± 0.96 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.30 dB	± 2.20 dB	± 0.94 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.85 dB	± 2.40 dB	± 1.00 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 3.20 dB	± 2.80 dB	± 1.32 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 5.30 dB	± 4.50 dB	± 2.26 dB



2a. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 3.10 dB	± 2.30 dB	± 1.00 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 2.12 dB	± 1.72 dB	± 0.56 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.78 dB	± 0.66 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.52 dB	± 1.92 dB	± 0.64 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 2.80 dB	± 2.45 dB	± 0.94 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 3.58 dB	± 2.84 dB	± 1.20 dB

2b. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

Frequency	Frequency response (nominal)
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.80 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.70 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.70 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.70 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 1.00 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 1.40 dB

3a. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MPB enabled, LNA off, PA off)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz)

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless stated otherwise
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 1.50 dB	± 1.44 dB	± 0.40 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 1.66 dB	± 1.50 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 2.00 dB	± 1.62 dB	± 0.56 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 2.52 dB	± 1.80 dB	± 0.56 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 2.55 dB	± 2.10 dB	± 0.78 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 4.20 dB	± 2.90 dB	± 1.12 dB
> 50.0 to 70.0 GHz	N/A	± 4.00 dB	± 2.50 dB
> 70.0 to 75.0 GHz	N/A	± 5.00 dB	± 3.00 dB
Software Preselection ON Attenua	ation = 0 to 26 dB, 2 dB steps		
> 50.0 to 75.0 GHz	N/A	N/A	± 1.50 dB (nom.)

3b, 3c, 3d. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MPB path enabled)

	3b. MPB, LNA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3c. MPB, PA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	3d. MPB, LNA on, PA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.40 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.30 dB	± 0.45 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.45 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.50 dB	± 0.60 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 0.90 dB	± 1.20 dB	± 1.00 dB

4a, 4b. Full bypass (FBP) path frequency response (full bypass path enabled)

	4a. FBP (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)	4b. FBP, LNA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal)
3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz	± 0.20 dB	± 0.30 dB
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	± 0.25 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	± 0.30 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.30 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	± 0.40 dB	± 0.50 dB
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	± 0.60 dB	± 1.00 dB



Electronic attenuator frequency response (10 dB mechanical input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz)

Maximum error relative to reference conditions (50 MHz). Mechanical attenuation set to default/calibrated setting of 10 dB.				
EA3 frequency Full range 20 to 30 °C Typical, unless stated others				
Attenuation = 4 to 24 dB, even steps				
9 kHz to 50 MHz	± 0.80 dB	± 0.65 dB	± 0.18 dB	
50 MHz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.50 dB	± 0.48 dB	± 0.22 dB	
Attenuation = 0,1,2 and odd steps, 3 to 23 dB				
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	N/A	N/A	± 0.22 dB	

Attenuator switching uncertainty (50 MHz reference frequency, relative to 10 dB reference setting, LNA off, PA off)

	1a. Std (10 dB input attenuation)
Attenuation 12 to 40 dB	± 0.14 dB
	± 0.04 dB (typical) ± 0.18 dB
Attenuation 2 to 8 dB, or > 40 dB	± 0.06 dB (typical)
Attenuation 0 dB	± 0.05 dB (nominal)
Attenuation >2 dB at other frequencies (nomina	1)
2 Hz to 3.6 GHz	± 0.3 dB
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	± 0.5 dB
> 8.4 to 26.5 GHz	± 0.7 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	± 1.0 dB



Total absolute amplitude accuracy (at 50 MHz)

At 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW \leq 1 MHz, input signal -10 to -50 dBm, for Path 1a or -40 to -70 dBm for Path 1b and 1c, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Sweep Time = Accuracy, any reference revel, any vertical scale.

Path	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical	AutoAlign = Light, nominal
1a. Std	± 0.34 dB	± 0.32 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.18 dB
1b. Std (LNA on, preamp off)	± 0.44 dB	± 0.40 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.19 dB
1c. Std (LNA off, preamp on)	± 0.42 dB	± 0.38 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.17 dB

With electronic attenuator

1a Std

(at 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -7 to -25 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Sweep Time = Accuracy, any reference level, any vertical scale)

+ U 33 4B

ra. Ota	± 0.01 UD	± 0.02 dD	± 0.12 UD	± 0.17 dD
For absolute amplitude accuracy at any frequency in the 1a. Std Path, use the following formulas:				
At any frequency	± (abs amp at 50 M	Hz + frequency respons	se)	
Wide range of signal levels,				
resolution bandwidths, reference levels, attenuation = 10 dB,	± 0.25 dB, 95 th perc	entile		

+ 0.12 dB

+ 0.17 dB

Note1: Absolute amplitude accuracy is the total of all amplitude measurement errors, and applies over the following subset of settings and conditions:

• 1 Hz ≤ RBW ≤ 1 MHz

10 Hz to 3.6 GHz

- Input signal -10 to -50 dBm (details below)
- Input attenuation 10 dB
- Span < 5 MHz (nominal additional error for span ≥ 5 MHz is is 0.02 dB)
- All settings auto-coupled except Swp Time Rules = Accuracy
- Combinations of low signal level and wide RBW use VBW ≤ 30 kHz to reduce noise

+ 0.37 dB

• When using FFT sweeps, the signal must be at the center frequency.

This absolute amplitude accuracy specification includes the sum of the following individual specifications under the conditions listed above: Scale Fidelity, Reference Level Accuracy, Display Scale Switching Uncertainty, Resolution Bandwidth Switching Uncertainty, 50 MHz Amplitude Reference Accuracy, and the accuracy with which the instrument aligns its internal gains to the 50 MHz Amplitude Reference. The only difference between signals within the range above –50 dBm and those signals below that level is the scale fidelity. Our specifications and experience show no difference between signals above and below this level. The only reason our Absolute Amplitude Uncertainty specification does not go below this level is that noise detracts from our ability to verify the performance at all levels with acceptable test times and yields. So, the performance is not warranted at lower levels, but we fully expect it to be the same.

Note 2: Absolute amplitude accuracy for a wide range of signal and measurement settings, covers the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence. Here are the details of what is covered and how the computation is made:

- The wide range of conditions of RBW, signal level, VBW, reference level and display scale are described above.
- There are 44 quasi-random combinations used, tested at a 50 MHz signal frequency.
- We compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.
- Also, the frequency response relative to the 50 MHz response is characterized by varying the signal across a large number of quasi-random verification frequencies that are chosen to not correspond with the frequency response adjustment frequencies.
- We again compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.
- We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the 50 MHz absolute amplitude accuracy to a national standards organization.
- We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the relative frequency response to a national standards organization
- We take the root-sum-square of these four independent Gaussian parameters
- To that RSS we add the environmental effects of temperature variations across the 20 to 30°C range.
- These computations and measurements are made with the mechanical attenuator only in circuit, set to the reference state of 10 dB.

A similar process is used for computing the result when using the electronic attenuator under a wide range of settings: all even settings from 4 through 24 dB inclusive, with the mechanical attenuator set to 10 dB. The 95th percentile result was 0.21 dB.



VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) at RF Input (95th percentile) (Options 526, 544, 550)

Standard path, 10 dB input att	tenuation, 50 MHz (reference condition)	1.07:1 (nominal)			
Standard path, 0 dB input atte	enuation, 0.01 to 3.6 GHz	2.2:1 (nominal)			
Center frequency	1a. Std, IF path ≤ 40 MHz (10 dB input attenuation)	1b. Std, LNA on and 1d. Std, LNA on, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation)	1c. Std, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation)		
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	1.18	1.23 (path 1b. only)	1.66		
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	1.20	1.39	1.57		
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	1.20	1.28	1.42		
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	1.28	1.38	1.39		
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	1.32	1.36	1.40		
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	1.50	1.60	1.63		
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	1.65	1.73	1.79		
Center frequency	3a. MPB, IF path ≥ 255 MHz (10	dB input attenuation)			
8.9 to 20 GHz	1.25				
> 20 to 30 GHz	1.45	1.45			
> 30 to 40 GHz	1.43				
> 40 to 50 GHz	1.70				

The magnitude of the mismatch over the range of frequencies will be very similar between MPB and non-MPB operation, between LNP and non-LNP operation, and between FBP and non-FBP operation, but the details, such as the frequencies of the peaks and valleys, will shift.

VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) at RF Input (95th percentile) (Option 575)

Standard path, 10 dB input attenua	tion 50 MHz (reference condition)	1.07:1 (nominal)	
Standard path, 0 dB input attenuation, 0.01 to 3.6 GHz		2.2:1 (nominal)	
Center frequency	1a. Std, IF path ≤ 40 MHz (10 dB input attenuation)	1b. Std, LNA on and 1d. Std, LNA on, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation)	1c. Std, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation)
10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	1.21	1.24 (path 1b. only)	1.65
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	1.24	1.36	1.52
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	1.33	1.37	1.49
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	1.41	1.46	1.49
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	1.39	1.43	1.42
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	1.40	1.48	1.48
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	1.66	1.71	1.68
> 50 to 75 GHz	2.16	N/A	N/A
Center frequency	3a. MPB, IF path ≥ 255 MHz (10 c	dB input attenuation)	
8.9 to 20 GHz	1.40		
> 20 to 30 GHz	1.38		
> 30 to 40 GHz	1.43		
> 40 to 50 GHz	1.72		
> 50 to 75 GHz	2.15		

The magnitude of the mismatch over the range of frequencies will be very similar between MPB and non-MPB operation, between LNP and non-LNP operation, and between FBP and non-FBP operation, but the details, such as the frequencies of the peaks and valleys, will shift.



VSWR plots (Options 526, 544, 550)

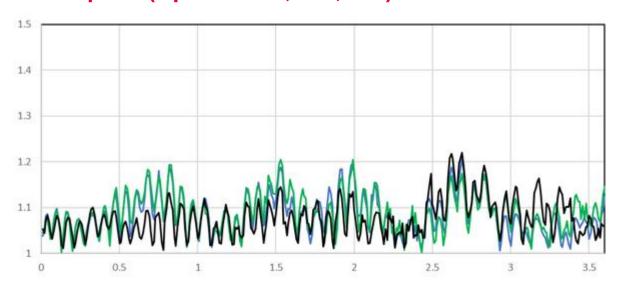


Figure 1. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

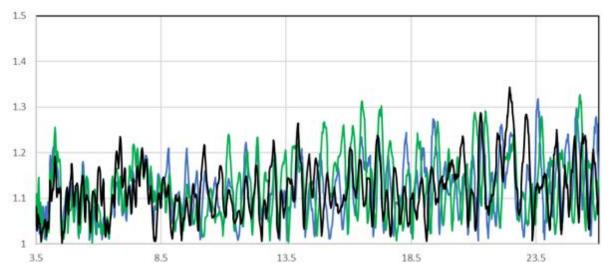


Figure 2. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

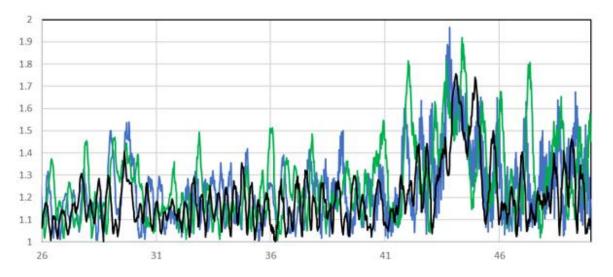


Figure 3. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1a. standard path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

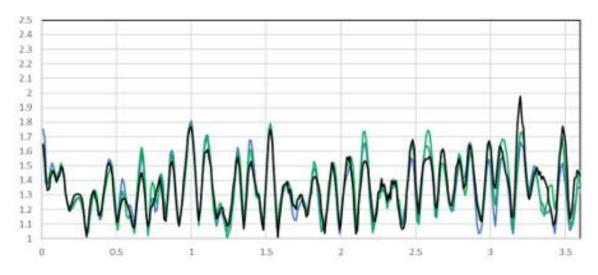


Figure 4. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

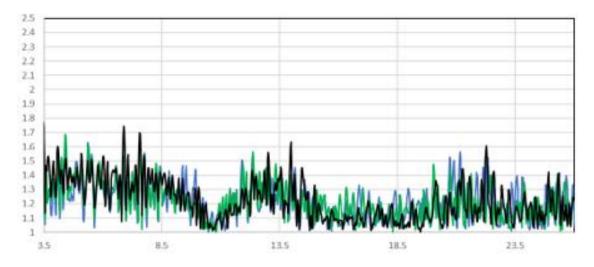


Figure 5. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

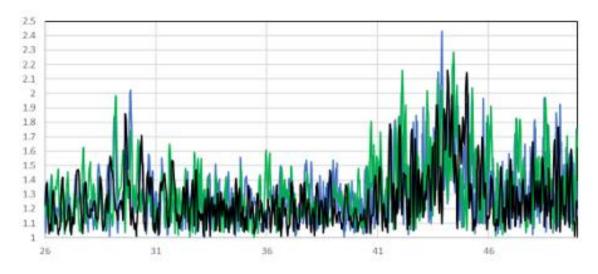


Figure 6. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

VSWR plots (Options 575)

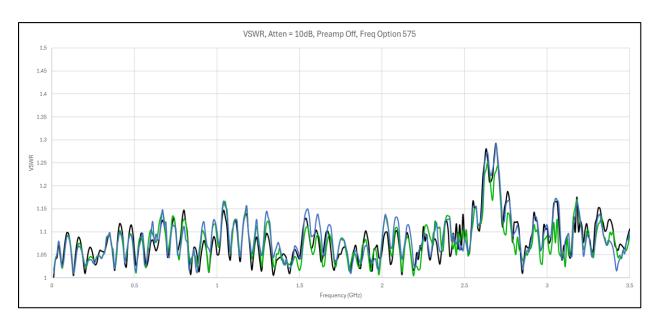


Figure 7. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

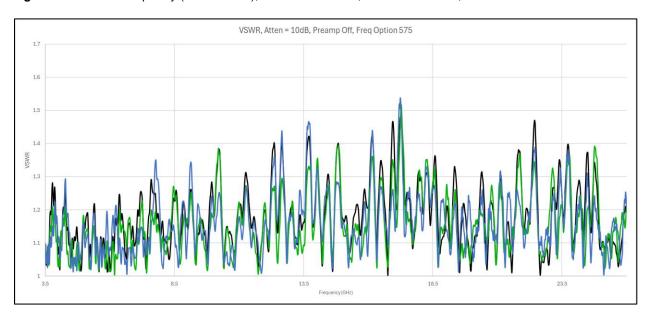


Figure 8. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

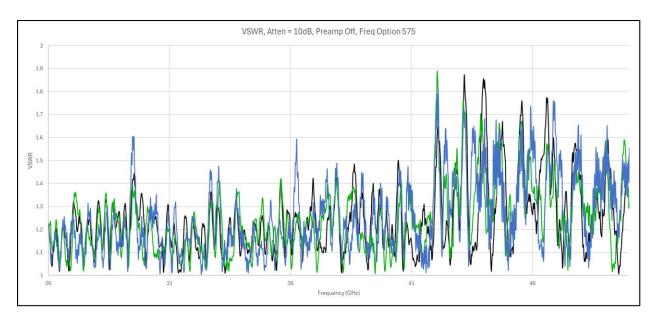


Figure 9. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1a. standard path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

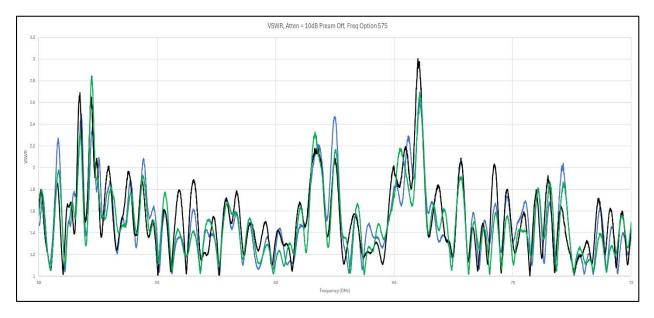


Figure 10. VSWR vs. frequency (50 to 75 GHz), 1a. standard path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

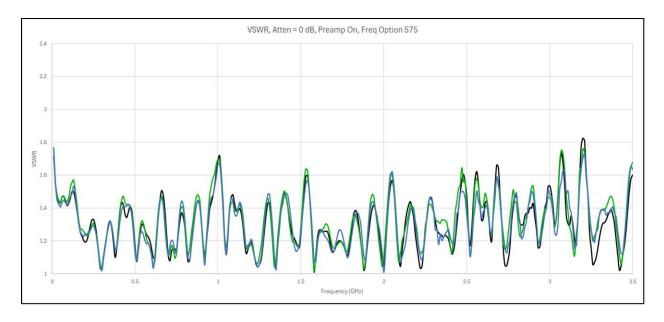


Figure 11. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

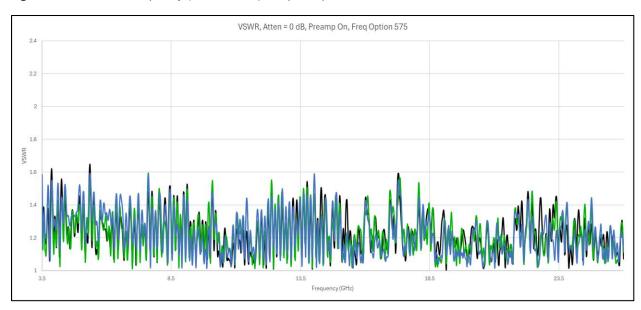


Figure 12. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

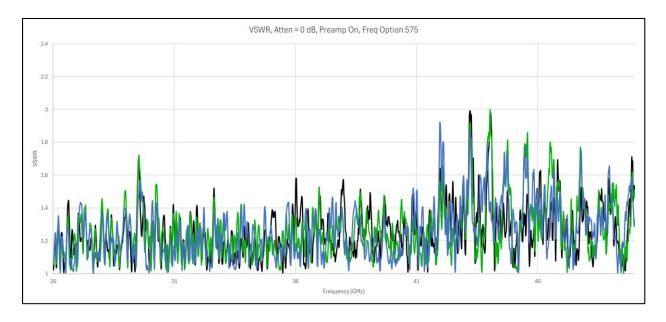


Figure 13. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 0 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units

Resolution bandwidth switching uncertainty (relative to 30 kHz RBW)

1 Hz to 1.5 MHz RBW	< ± 0.03 dB
1.6 MHz to 2.7 MHz RBW	< ± 0.05 dB
3 MHz RBW	± 0.1 dB
4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz RBW	± 0.3 dB

Reference level

NOIGIGIOGI ICVOI	
Range	
Log scale	-170 to +30 dBm in 0.01 dB steps
Linear scale	707 pV to 7.07 V with 0.11% (0.01 dB) resolution
Accuracy (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.)	0 dB
Display scale switching uncertainty	
Switching between linear and log (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.)	0 dB
Log scale/div switching (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.)	0 dB

Display scale fidelity (log-linear fidelity, relative to the reference condition -25 dBm input thrqough 10 dB attenuation, thus -35 dBm at the input mixer)

Input mixer level	Full range	Typical
-18 dBm ≤ ML ≤ -10 dBm	± 0.10 dB total	± 0.04 dB
ML < -18 dBm input mixer level	± 0.07 dB	± 0.02 dB

Preamplifiers (2 stages: Low-Noise Amplifier LNA, Pre-Amplifier PA)

	Low-Noise Amplifier (LNA)	Pre-Amplifier (PA)	
Option P44, P4L	20 MHz to 44 GHz	9 kHz to 44 GHz	
Option P50, P5L	20 MHz to 50 GHz	9 kHz to 50 GHz	
Option P50, P5L	For options P4L/P5L: ≥ 43.5 GHz both LNA and PA cannot be used simultaneously		
Noise figure	4 to 8 dB (nominal) (see DANL) 10 dB (nominal)		
Gain	20 dB (nominal)	30 dB (nominal)	
Gaiii	When LNA and PA are used simultaneously, gain = 40 dB (nominal)		



Dynamic Range Specifications

1 dB Gain compression

Notes:

- Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal.
- Specified at 1 kHz RBW with 100 kHz tone spacing. The compression point will nominally equal the specification for tone spacing greater than 5 times the prefilter bandwidth. At smaller spacings, ADC clipping may occur at a level lower than the 1 dB compression point.
- Reference level and off-screen performance: The reference level (RL) behavior differs from some earlier analyzers in a way that makes this analyzer more flexible. In other analyzers, the RL controlled how the measurement was performed as well as how it was displayed. Because the logarithmic amplifier in these analyzers had both range and resolution limitations, this behavior was necessary for optimum measurement accuracy. The logarithmic amplifier in this signal analyzer, however, is implemented digitally such that the range and resolution greatly exceed other instrument limitations. Because of this, the analyzer can make measurements largely independent of the setting of the RL without compromising accuracy. Because the RL becomes a display function, not a measurement function, a marker can read out results that are off-screen, either above or below, without any change in accuracy. The only exception to the independence of RL and the way in which the measurement is performed is in the input attenuation setting: When the input attenuation is set to auto, the rules for the determination of the input attenuation include dependence on the reference level. Because the input attenuation setting controls the tradeoff between large signal behaviors (third-order intermodulation, compression, and display scale fidelity) and small signal effects (noise), the measurement results can change with RL changes when the input attenuation is set to auto.
- Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- Total power at the preamp (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- The low noise path, when in use, does not substantially change the compression-to-noise dynamic range or the TOI-to-noise dynamic range because it mostly just reduces losses in the signal path in front of all significant noise, TOI and compression-affecting circuits. In other words, the compression threshold and the third-order intercept both decrease and to the same extent as that to which the DANL decreases.

Standard path: 1 dB gain compression (swept, standard, preselector on)

Contact fraguency	Gain compression	Gain compression (nominal)			
Center frequency	1a. PA off	1b. LNA	1c. PA	1d. LNA PA	
20 to 40 MHz	+2 dBm	-14 dBm	-14 dBm	-14 dBm	
> 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm	-14 dBm	-14 dBm	-14 dBm	
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	+8 dBm	-14 dBm	-22 dBm	-28 dBm	
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	+3 dBm	-14 dBm	-24 dBm	-32 dBm	
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	+6 dBm	-10 dBm	-23 dBm	-33 dBm	



Low-Noise Path (LNP): 1 dB gain compression (swept, LNP, preselector on)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) = input attenuation (dB).

0	Gain compression (nominal)		
Center frequency	2a. Preselector LNP	2b. Preselector LNP LNA	
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	+2 dBm	-14 dBm	
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	+0 dBm	-18 dBm	
>26.5 to 50 GHz	+3 dBm	-16 dBm	

Microwave preselector bypass path (MPB): 1 dB gain compression (swept, preselector bypass)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) - input attenuation (dB).

Frequency	Gain compression (nominal)			
	3a. MPB	3b. MPB LNA		
20 to 40 MHz	+2 dBm	-14 dBm		
> 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz	+5 dBm	-14 dBm		
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	+2 dBm	-17 dBm		
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	+0 dBm	-17 dBm		
>26.5 to 50 GHz	+0 dBm	-15 dBm		

Full bypass path (FBP): 1 dB gain compression (swept, full bypass)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) - input attenuation (dB).

Frequency	Gain compression (nominal)		
	4a. FBP	4b. FBP LNA	
> 3.6 to 13.5 GHz	-4 dBm	-20 dBm	
> 13.5 to 26.5 GHz	-5 dBm	-23 dBm	
>26.5 to 50 GHz	-5 dBm	-22 dBm	

IF prefilter bandwidth

This table applies without Option FS1 or FS2, fast sweep. With Option FS1 or FS2, which is a standard option in the UXA, this table applies for sweep rates that are manually chosen to be the same as or slower than "traditional" sweep rates, instead of the much faster sweep rates, such as auto-coupled sweep rates, available with FS1 or FS2. Sweep rate is defined to be span divided by sweep time. If the sweep rate is ≤ 1.1 times RBW-squared, the table applies. Otherwise, compute an "effective RBW" = span / (sweeptime \times RBW). To determine the IF Prefilter bandwidth, look up this effective RBW in the table instead of the actual RBW. For example, for RBW = 3 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, and sweep time = 42 ms, we compute that sweep rate = 7.1 MHz/s, while RBW-squared is 9 MHz/s. So, the sweep rate is ≤ 1.1 times RBW-squared and the table applies; row 1 shows the IF prefilter bandwidth is nominally 8.9 kHz. If the sweep time is 1 ms, then the effective RBW computes to 100 kHz. This would result in an IF prefilter bandwidth from the third row, nominally 303 kHz

Zero span or swept, RBW=	Sweep type = FFT, FFT width =	-3 dB bandwidth (nominal)
≤ 3.9 kHz	< 4.01 kHz	8.9 kHz
4.3 to 27 kHz	< 28.81 kHz	79 kHz
30 to 160 kHz	< 167.4 kHz	303 kHz
180 to 390 kHz	< 411.9 kHz	966 kHz
430 kHz to 10 MHz	< 7.99 MHz	10.9 MHz



Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)

Input terminated, Sample or Average detector, Averaging type set to Log, IF Gain = High, 1 Hz Resolution Bandwidth, 0 dB input attenuation.

1a. Standard path DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 8 to 11 dB, for standard path. For 50 – 75 GHz, Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 3 to 5 dB, for standard path

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
2 to 10 Hz			-90 dBm (nominal)
> 10 to 100 Hz	NI/A		-115 dBm (nominal)
> 100 Hz to 1 kHz	N/A		-128 dBm (nominal)
> 1 to 9 kHz			-138 dBm (nominal)
> 9 to 100 kHz	-138 dBm	-140 dBm	-146 dBm, -144 dBm (Option 575)
> 100 kHz to 1 MHz	-151 dBm	-152 dBm	-155 dBm, -153 dBm (Option 575)
> 1 to 10 MHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm, -155 dBm (Option 575)
> 10 MHz to 1.2 GHz	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	-155 dBm, -154 dBm (Option 575)
> 1.2 to 2.1 GHz	-148 dBm	-150 dBm	-154 dBm, -152 dBm (Option 575)
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	-146 dBm	-148 dBm	-152 dBm, -149 dBm (Option 575)
> 3.6 to 6.6 GHz	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	-150 dBm, -149 dBm (Option 575)
> 6.6 to 8.4 GHz	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	-151 dBm, -150 dBm (Option 575)
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	-149 dBm, -148 dBm (Option 575)
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-142 dBm	-145 dBm	-149 dBm, -148 dBm (Option 575)
> 17.1 to 22.5 GHz	-139 dBm	-141 dBm	-146 dBm, -145 dBm (Option 575)
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	-136 dBm	-138 dBm	-143 dBm, -142 dBm (Option 575)
> 26.5 to 30 GHz	-134 dBm	-136 dBm	-140 dBm, -139 dBm (Option 575)
> 30 to 34.5 GHz	-132 dBm	-134 dBm	-139 dBm, -137 dBm (Option 575)
> 34.5 to 37 GHz	-127 dBm	-129 dBm	-135 dBm, -133 dBm (Option 575)
> 37 to 40 GHz	-125 dBm	-127 dBm	-134 dBm, -132 dBm (Option 575)
> 40 to 45 GHz (Options 526,544,550	-125 dBm	-127 dBm	-132 dBm
> 40 to 45 GHz (Option 575)	-123 dBm	-125 dBm	-129 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-120 dBm	-122 dBm	-129 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Options 575)	-114 dBm	-116 dBm	-121 dBm
> 50 to 56 GHz (Option 575)	N/A	-149 dBm	-152 dBm
> 56 to 67 GHz (Option 575)	N/A	-151 dBm	-154 dBm
> 67 to 73 GHz (Option 575)	N/A	-151 dBm	-154 dBm
> 73 to 75 GHz (Option 575)	N/A	-144 dBm	-149 dBm

1b. Standard path, LNA on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 10 to 11 dB, for standard path, LNA on Full range 20 to 30 °C Typical, unless otherwise stated Frequency < 20 MHz Not permitted with LNA on 20 to 40 MHz -152 dBm -153 dBm -158 dBm, -157 dBm (Option 575) > 40 to 500 MHz -162 dBm -163 dBm -166 dBm > 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz -163 dBm -164 dBm -168 dBm, -166 dBm (Option 575) > 2.5 to 3.6 GHz -162 dBm -163 dBm -167 dBm, -166dBm (Option 575) > 3.6 to 4.7 GHz -161 dBm -162 dBm -166 dBm, -165 dBm (Option 575) > 4.7 to 17.1 GHz -160 dBm -161 dBm -165 dBm, -163 dBm (Option 575) > 17.1 to 22 GHz -155 dBm -157 dBm -162 dBm, -160 dBm (Option 575) > 22 to 26.5 GHz -152 dBm -154 dBm -159 dBm, -157 dBm (Option 575) > 26.5 to 27 GHz -152 dBm -154 dBm -158 dBm, -156 dBm (Option 575) -149 dBm > 27 to 34.5 GHz -147 dBm -154 dBm, -152 dBm (Option 575) -148 dBm, -145 dBm (Option 575) > 34.5 to 42.5 GHz -139 dBm -141 dBm -144 dBm > 42.5 to 47 GHz (Options 526,544,550) -136 dBm -138 dBm > 42.5 to 47 GHz (Option 575) -134 dBm -136 dBm -140 dBm > 47 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550) -132 dBm -134 dBm -141 dBm -134 dBm > 47 to 50 GHz (Option 575) -126 dBm -128 dBm



1c. Standard path, PA on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 7 to 9 dB, for standard path, PA on.			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
> 100 to 200 kHz	-155 dBm	-156 dBm	-160 dBm, -159 dBm (Option 575)
> 200 to 500 kHz	-157 dBm	-158 dBm	-162 dBm, -161 dBm (Option 575)
> 500 kHz to 1 MHz	-160 dBm	-161 dBm	-165 dBm, -164 dBm (Option 575)
> 1 MHz to 2.1 GHz	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	-166 dBm, -164 dBm (Option 575)
> 2.1 to 3.6 GHz	-160 dBm	-161 dBm	-164 dBm, -162 dBm (Option 575)
> 3.6 to 17.1 GHz	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-166 dBm, -165 dBm (Option 575)
> 17.1 to 20 GHz	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-165 dBm, -164 dBm (Option 575)
> 20 to 26.5 GHz	-159 dBm	-160 dBm	-163 dBm, -161 dBm (Option 575)
> 26.5 to 30 GHz	-157 dBm	-158 dBm	-162 dBm, -160 dBm (Option 575)
> 30 to 34.5 GHz	-156 dBm	-157 dBm	-160 dBm, -159 dBm (Option 575)
> 34.5 to 37 GHz	-153 dBm	-155 dBm	-159 dBm, -157 dBm (Option 575)
> 37 to 41 GHz	-150 dBm	-153 dBm	-157 dBm, -155 dBm (Option 575)
> 41 to 46 GHz	-147 dBm	-150 dBm	-155 dBm, -152 dBm (Option 575)
> 46 to 50 GHz	-145 dBm	-148 dBm	-160 dBm, -159 dBm (Option 575)
> 46 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-145 dBm	-148 dBm	-152 dBm
> 46 to 50 GHz (Option 575)	-139 dBm	-142 dBm	-146 dBm

1d. Standard path, LNA-on, PA-on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 9 to 10 dB, for standard path, LNA on, PA on.			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
< 20 MHz	Not permitted with LNA on		
20 to 40 MHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-158 dBm, -157 dBm (Option 575)
> 40 to 500 MHz	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	-166 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz	-163 dBm	-164 dBm	-168 dBm, -166 dBm (Option 575)
> 2.5 to 3.6 GHz	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	-167 dBm, -166dBm (Option 575)
> 3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-161 dBm	-163 dBm	-168 dBm, -167 dBm (Option 575)
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-164 dBm	-165 dBm	-169 dBm, -167 dBm (Option 575)
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-163 dBm	-164 dBm	-168 dBm, -167 dBm (Option 575)
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	-162 dBm	-163 dBm	-167 dBm, -166 dBm (Option 575)
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	-161 dBm	-162 dBm	-166 dBm, -164 dBm (Option 575)
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	-159 dBm	-160 dBm	-164 dBm, -162 dBm (Option 575)
> 34.5 to 36.5 GHz	-157 dBm	-159 dBm	-163 dBm, -161 dBm (Option 575)
> 36.5 to 43 GHz	-155 dBm	-157 dBm	-162 dBm, -159 dBm (Option 575)
> 43 to 43.5 GHz	-153 dBm	-155 dBm	-160 dBm, -159 dBm (Option 575)
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P44 and P50) (Options 526,544,550)	-153 dBm	-155 dBm	-160 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P50 with Option 575)	-151 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for option P50)	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	-158 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for option P50 with Option 575)	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	-151 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P4L and P5L) (Options 526,544,550)	-136 dBm	-138 dBm	-144 dBm
> 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P5L with Option 575)	-132 dBm	-136 dBm	-140 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for option P5L) (Options 526,544,550)	-132 dBm	-134 dBm	-141 dBm
> 47 to 50 GHz (for option P5L with Option 575)	-126 dBm	-128 dBm	-134 dBm



2a. Low-noise path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Noise Floor Extension (Option NF2) improves DANL by 9 to 11 dB, for low-noise path.			
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
< 3.6 GHz	Not permitted with low noise pat	h	
3.6 to 6 GHz	-149 dBm	-151 dBm	-154 dBm, -153 dBm (Option 575)
> 6 to 8.4 GHz	-150 dBm	-152 dBm	-155 dBm, -153 dBm (Option 575)
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	-149 dBm	-151 dBm	-154 dBm, -152 dBm (Option 575)
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	-147 dBm	-149 dBm	-152 dBm, -150 dBm (Option 575)
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	-144 dBm	-146 dBm	-150 dBm, -148 dBm (Option 575)
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-143 dBm	-145 dBm	-149 dBm, -147 dBm (Option 575)
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-141 dBm	-143 dBm	-147 dBm, -145 dBm (Option 575)
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-134 dBm	-137 dBm	-142 dBm, -139 dBm (Option 575)
> 45 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-131 dBm	-134 dBm	-140 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (option 575)	-125 dBm	-128 dBm	-132 dBm



2b. Low-noise path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Frequency	2b. LNP path, LNA on (nominal)
< 3.6 GHz	Not permitted with low noise path
3.6 to 6 GHz	-168 dBm
> 6 to 8.4 GHz	-168 dBm
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	-167 dBm
> 17.1 to 23 GHz	-165 dBm
> 23 to 26.5 GHz	-163 dBm
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-162 dBm
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-161 dBm
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-157 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-154 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Option 575)	-148 dBm

3a, 3b. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path DANL (MPB path enabled)

Frequency	3a. MPB path (nominal)	3b. MPB, LNA on (nominal)
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-156 dBm	-165 dBm
> 8.4 to 17.1 GHz	-154 dBm	-165 dBm
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-151 dBm	-164 dBm
> 22 to 22.5 GHz	-151 dBm	-161 dBm
> 22.5 to 26.5 GHz	-149 dBm	-161 dBm
> 26.5 to 30 GHz	-147 dBm	-159 dBm
> 30 to 34.5 GHz	-146 dBm	-159 dBm
> 34.5 to 41 GHz	-140 dBm	-154 dBm
> 41 to 44 GHz	-140 dBm	-152 dBm
> 44 to 49 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-136 dBm	-151 dBm
> 44 to 49 GHz (Option 575)	-130 dBm	-145 dBm
> 49 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-135 dBm	-150 dBm
> 49 to 50 GHz (Option 575)	-129 dBm	-144 dBm
> 50 to 56 GHz (Option 575)	-153 dBm	N/A
> 56 to 67 GHz (Option 575)	-154 dBm	N/A
> 67 to 73 GHz (Option 575)	-154 dBm	N/A
> 73 to 75 GHz (Option 575)	-148 dBm	N/A

If using microwave preselector bypass path (MPB) use path 3b for digital demodulation.



4a. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enable, preselector bypass on, LNA off, PA off)

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-154 dBm	-155 dBm	-158 dBm, -157 dBm (Option 575)
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-153 dBm	-155 dBm	-157 dBm
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-152 dBm	-153 dBm	-156 dBm, -155 dBm (Option 575)
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-150 dBm	-151 dBm	-155 dBm, -154 dBm (Option 575)
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-150 dBm	-151 dBm	-154 dBm, -153 dBm (Option 575)
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-148 dBm	-149 dBm	-153 dBm, -151 dBm (Option 575)
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-142 dBm	-144 dBm	-149 dBm, -147 dBm (Option 575)
> 45 to 50 GHz (Options 526,544,550)	-140 dBm	-142 dBm	-148 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Option 575)	-134 dBm	-136 dBm	-140 dBm

4b. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enable, preselector bypass on, LNA on) (nominal)

Frequency	4b. FBP, LNA on
3.6 to 8.4 GHz	-165 dBm
> 8.4 to 13.6 GHz	-164 dBm
> 13.6 to 17.1 GHz	-164 dBm
> 17.1 to 22 GHz	-163 dBm
> 22 to 26.5 GHz	-161 dBm
> 26.5 to 29 GHz	-161 dBm
> 29 to 34.5 GHz	-160 dBm
> 34.5 to 45 GHz	-157 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz	-155 dBm
> 45 to 50 GHz (Option 575)	-149 dBm



Residuals, Images, and Spurious Responses

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation)

200 kHz to 8.4 GHz (swept)	-100 dBm
Zero span or FFT or other frequencies	-100 dBm (nominal)

Image responses (standard path, LNA off, PA off)

Mixer level	Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency	Full range
40 ID	10 MHz to 26.5 GHz	f+45 MHz	-80 dBc
	10 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f+10,245 MHz	-80 dBc
-10 dBm	10 MHz to 22 GHz	f+645 MHz	-80 dBc
	> 22 to 26.5 GHz	f+645 MHz	-70 dBc
> 26.5 to 50 GHz > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	> 26.5 to 50 GHz	f+45 MHz	-90 dBc (nominal)
	> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	f+645 MHz	-70 dBc
	> 34.5 to 42 GHz	f+645 MHz	-55 dBc
-30 dBm > 42 to 50 GHz > 50 to 70 GHz	> 42 to 50 GHz	f+645 MHz	-70 dBc (nominal)
	f+645 MHz	-100 dBc (nominal)	
	> 70 to 75 GHz	f+645 MHz	-82 dBc (nominal)
	> 50 to 75 GHz	f+15045 MHz	-78 dBc (nominal)

Other spurious responses (input-related, standard path, LNA off, PA off)

N is the LO multiplication factor. Refer to earlier table for the N value versus frequency ranges. Performance is nominally the same, with PA on, and in low-noise path (LNP).

	Mixer level	Response
First RF order (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier)		
Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	-10 dBm	-80 dBc + 20*log(N) including IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses
Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz	-30 dBm	-90 dBc (nominal)
Higher RF order (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier)		
Carrier frequency ≤ 26.5 GHz	-40 dBm	-80 dBc + 20*log(N) including higher order mixer responses
Carrier frequency > 26.5 GHz	-30 dBm	-90 dBc (nominal)
LO-related spurious responses		
200 Hz ≤ f < 10 MHz from carrier	-10 dBm	-68 dBc + 20*log(N)
45 Hz ≤ f < 200 MHz from carrier	-10 dBm	-73 dBc + 20*log(N) (nominal) includes line-related
LO-related spurious responses (Software Preselection ON) (nominal)		
483 MHz ≤ f < 11.3 GHz from carrier	-30 dBm	-116 dBc + 20*log(N)
Nominally –40 dBc under large magnetic (0.38 Gauss rms) or vibrational (0.21 g rms) environmental stimuli.		



Second-Harmonic Intercept (SHI)

1a. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Frequency of the fundamental	Mixer level	Distortion	SHI
10 MHz to 1.8 GHz	-15 dBm	-61 dBc	+46 dBm
> 1.8 to 3 GHz	-15 dBm	-67 dBc	+52 dBm
> 3 to 5.2 GHz	-15 dBm	-70 dBc	+55 dBm
> 5.2 to 13.25 GHz	-15 dBm	-79 dBc	+64 dBm
> 13.25 to 25.0 GHz	-15 dBm	-68 dBc	+53 dBm
> 13.25 to 25.0 GHz (Option 575)	-15 dBm	-69 dBc	+52 dBm

1b. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Frequency of the fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)
10 MHz to 1.8 GHz	-45 dBm	-57 dBc	+12 dBm
> 1.8 to 13.25 GHz	-45 dBm	-60 dBc	+15 dBm

1c. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Frequency of the fundamental	Preamp level	Distortion (nominal)	SHI (nominal)
10 MHz to 1.8 GHz	-45 dBm	-73 dBc	+28 dBm
> 1.8 to 13.25 GHz	-45 dBm	-50 dBc	+5 dBm

2a. Low-noise path: SHI (swept, Low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Frequency of the fundamental	Mixer level	Distortion	SHI
1.75 to 2.5 GHz	-15 dBm	-92 dBc	+77 dBm
> 2.5 to < 5 GHz	-15 dBm	-97 dBc	+82 dBm
5 to 13.25 GHz	-15 dBm	-102 dBc	+87 dBm
> 13.25 to 25 GHz	-15 dBm	-92 dBc	+77 dBm
> 13.25 to 25 GHz (Option 575)	-15 dBm	-91 dBc	+76 dBm



Third-Order Intercept (TOI)

1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two –16 dBm (up to 26.5 GHz) or –20 dBm (> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
10 to 350 MHz	+14 dBm	+15 dBm	+18 dBm
> 350 MHz to 1.1 GHz	+15 dBm	+16 dBm	+19 dBm
> 1.1 GHz to 3.0 GHz	+17 dBm	+18 dBm	+21 dBm
> 3.0 to 3.6 GHz	+18 dBm	+19 dBm	+22 dBm
> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	+14 dBm	+15 dBm	+19 dBm
> 13.6 to 21 GHz	+10 dBm	+11 dBm	+16 dBm
> 21 to 26.5 GHz	+12 dBm	+14 dBm	+18 dBm
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	+11 dBm	+13 dBm	+19 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+7 dBm	+9 dBm	+14 dBm

1b. Standard path, (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Two –34 dBm tones at preamp input with tone separation \geq 100 kHz	
Frequency	TOI (nominal)
10 to 350 MHz	-2 dBm
> 350 MHz to 1.1GHz	-1 dBm
> 1.1 to 2.6 GHz	0 dBm
> 2.6 to 3.6 GHz	+4 dBm
> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	+1 dBm
> 13.6 to 21 GHz	-4 dBm
> 21 to 26.5 GHz	+3 dBm
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	+2 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-2 dBm

1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

Two –34 dBm tones at LNA input with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz	
Frequency	TOI (nominal)
10 to 500 MHz	0 dBm
> 500 MHz to 1.6 GHz	+2 dBm
> 1.6 to 3.6 GHz	+3 dBm
> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	-12 dBm
> 13.6 to 21 GHz	-14 dBm
> 21 to 26.5 GHz	-8 dBm
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	-10 dBm
> 34.5 to 41 GHz	-12 dBm
> 41 to 50 GHz	-6 dBm

1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

Two –45 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

Frequency	TOI (nominal)
30 to 500 MHz	-2 dBm
> 500 MHz to 2 GHz	0 dBm
> 2 to 3.6 GHz	+4 dBm
> 3.6 to 13.6 GHz	-17 dBm
> 13.6 to 21 GHz	-22 dBm
> 21 to 34.5 GHz	-16 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-20 dBm



2a. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two –16 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) or –20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz		
Frequency	TOI (nominal)	
3.6 to 13.6 GHz	+15 dBm	
> 13.6 to 23 GHz	+11 dBm	
> 23 to 34.5 GHz	+14 dBm	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	+8 dBm	

2b. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

Two –45 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz		
Frequency	TOI (nominal)	
3.6 to 13.6 GHz	0 dBm	
> 13.6 to 21 GHz	-9 dBm	
> 21 to 34.5 GHz	-2 dBm	
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-5 dBm	



Phase Noise (SSB)

For option 575: The noise sideband specification at 1 kHz offset frequency is not applicable if a USB 2.0 device is connected to a Front Panel USB 3.0 port.

Phase noise	Offset	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Typical, unless otherwise stated
	10 Hz Wide Ref Loop BW		The factory test line limit is consistent with a warranted specification of –89 dBc/Hz	-93 dBc/Hz
Noise	10 Hz Narrow Ref Loop BW			-88 dBc/Hz (nominal)
sidebands	100 Hz	-107 dBc/Hz	-107 dBc/Hz	-112 dBc/Hz
(CF = 1 GHz)	1 kHz	-123 dBc/Hz	-124 dBc/Hz	-127 dBc/Hz
(01 1 0112)	10 kHz	-132 dBc/Hz	-134 dBc/Hz	-135 dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	-138 dBc/Hz	-139 dBc/Hz	-141 dBc/Hz
	1 MHz	-144 dBc/Hz	-145 dBc/Hz	-146 dBc/Hz
	10 MHz	-154 dBc/Hzss	-155 dBc/Hz	-157 dBc/Hz

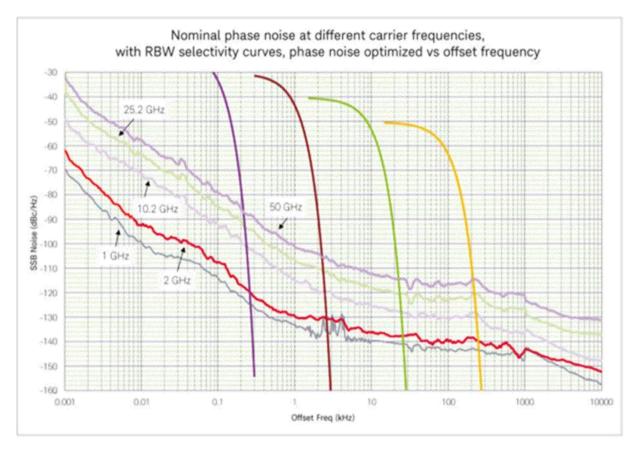


Figure 14. Nominal UXA phase noise at various center frequencies. 50 GHz curve is the predicted phase noise computed from the 25.2 GHz observation. RBW curves added to show impact of analyzer phase noise in resolving two closely spaced signals for various RBW filter choices.

IQ Analyzer

All specifications based on preselector by-passed (RF path either Microwave Preselector Bypass or Full Bypass) (except < 3.6 GHz), unless otherwise noted. IF paths at 10, 25, 40, and 255 MHz are enabled by any of R10, R15, R20, or R40. Each bandwidth option includes and enables all others with lesser bandwidth; e.g. instruments with R20 also have R15 and R10 licenses, plus B2X, B40, and B25 paths.

10 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Standard)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 10 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

10 MHz analysis bandwidth (standard)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 10 MHz	
Tuning yangs	2 Hz to 75.0 GHz	In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough.
Tuning range	50.0 to 110 GHz w/ V3050A	Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified
	5122.5 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.6 GHz)	
IF frequency	322.5 MHz (Final IF)	
	7.5225 GHz (1st IF, center freq > 50 GHz)	
ADC sample rate	100 MSa/sec	
ADC resolution	16 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	
Capture memory	2 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	536.8 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing	
	268.4 MSa (228 Sa) with 64-bit data packing	
Maximum capture time (time record length)	35.8 sec at full 10 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude max error	Amplitude midwidth error (95 th percentile)	Slope (dB/MHz) (95 th percentile)	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	NA	± 0.20 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.10 dB	± 0.03 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	Off	± 0.25 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.10 dB	± 0.02 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	Off	± 0.35 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.10 dB	± 0.03 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	Off	± 1.20 dB	± 0.78 dB	± 0.16 dB/MHz	± 0.03 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	NA	0.032
> 3.6 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	Off	0.057
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 10 MHz	Off	0.5°



25 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B25)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 15 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

25 MHz analysis bandwidth (Option B25)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 25 MHz	
Tuning range	2 Hz to 75.0 GHz	 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified (for option 550
	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A	
	5122.5 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.6 GHz)	
IF frequency	322.5 MHz (Final IF)	
	7.5225 GHz (1st IF, center freq > 50 GHz)	
ADC sample rate	100 MSa/sec	
ADC resolution	16 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	
Capture memory	2 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	536.8 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing	
	268.4 MSa (228 Sa) with 64-bit data packing	
Maximum capture time (time record length)	11.9 sec at full 25 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude max error	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
≤ 3.6 GHz	10 to ≤ 25	NA	± 0.30 dB	± 0.07 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	10 to ≤ 25	Off	± 0.40 dB	± 0.04 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	10 to ≤ 25	Off	± 0.60 dB	± 0.06 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	10 to ≤ 25	Off	± 1.2 dB	± 0.08 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
≤ 3.6 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	NA	0.11
> 3.6 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	Off	0.27
>50 to 75 GHz	≤ 25 MHz	Off	1°

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is an estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
≤ 3.6 GHz	-8 dBm	-17 dBm
> 3.6 to 34.5	-7 dBm	-16 dBm
> 34.5 to 50	-1 dBm	-12 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to ± 1 dB nominal	



40 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B40)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 65 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

40 MHz analysis bandwidth (Option B40)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 40 MHz	
Tuning range	2 Hz to 75.0 GHz	 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over- range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. (for option 550)
	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A	
	5050 MHz (1st IF, center frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz)	
IF frequency	250 MHz (Final IF)	
	7.5225 GHz (1st IF, center freq > 50 GHz)	
ADC sample rate	200 MSa/sec	
ADC resolution	12 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	
Capture memory	2 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Longth (IO comple pairs)	536,870,912 (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	268,435,456 (2 ²⁸ Sa) with 64-bit data packing	
Maximum capture time	8.95 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing	Cantura time increases linearly with degrees in handwidth
(time record length)	4.47 sec at full 40 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	Amplitude Max Error	Amplitude RMS (nominal)
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	N/A	± 0.37 dB	± 0.09 dB
> 3.6 to 26.5 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	Off	± 0.7 dB	± 0.06 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	Off	± 1.0 dB	± 0.08 dB
> 50 GHz to 75 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	Off	± 1.4 dB	± 0.10 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	NA	0.08
> 3.6 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	Off	0.3
> 50 GHz to 75 GHz	≤ 40 MHz	Off	1°

IF dynamic range (IF gain = low) (nominal)

of bit (spanods free dynamic range) (Abo Telated spanods)	SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (A	ADC related spurious)	-80 dBc	Signal at –12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF wid
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IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
65 MHz to 34.5 GHz	-112 dBFS
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-107 dBFS, -97 dBFS (Option 575)
> 50.0 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-7 dBm	-14 dBm
> 3.6 to 17.1 GHz	-6 dBm	-16 dBm
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	-6 dBm	-15 dBm
> 26.5 to 34.5 GHz	-7 dBm	-11 dBm
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-4 dBm	-4 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to ±1 dB nominal	



Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
65 MHz to 17.1 GHz	144 dB
> 17.1 to 26.5 GHz	141 dB
> 26.5 to 50 GHz	134 dB

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
65 MHz to 34.5 GHz	-83 dBc
> 34.5 to 50 GHz	-81 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±1.5 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

For 50 to 75 GHz, between 20°C - 30°C

	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		4a. FBP	
Center frequency	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
1.8 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-161 dBm/Hz	-161 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A
6 GHz	-148 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
11 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
15.35 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz
21.8 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz
30.5 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz
42.25 GHz	-128 dBm/Hz	-128 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-140 dBm/Hz	-140 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-140 dBm/Hz	-140 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz	-140 dBm/Hz	-140 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = low)		
Center frequency		
65 MHz to 19.0 GHz	-100 dBm	
> 19.0 to 21.0 GHz	-98 dBm	
> 21.0 to 40.0 GHz	-100 dBm	
> 40.0 to 41.0 GHz	-87 dBm, -82 dBm (Option 575)	
> 41.0 to 50 GHz	-100 dBm	
> 50.0 to 75 GHz	-100 dBm	

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
65 MHz to 3.6 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.6 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



255 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B2X)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 400 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

255 MHz analysis bandwidth (Option B2X)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 255 MHz	
Tuning range 2 Hz to 74.8725 GHz		 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. (for option 550).
	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A	
5490 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.3 GHz)		
IF frequency	690 MHz (Final IF)	
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec	
ADC resolution	14 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	64-bit data packing only
Capture memory	16 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	2,147,483,640 samples with 64-bit data packing	With 89601C VSA software or Fast Capture (FETCH:FCAP?)
Maximum capture time (time record length)	7.16 sec at full 255 MHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response (span ≤ 255 MHz), microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)			3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
600 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 0.75 dB	± 0.55 dB	± 0.04 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.06 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 0.85 dB	± 0.65 dB	± 0.04 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.0 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.07 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.14 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.08 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.09 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.17 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.18 dB
> 24.5 to 49.55 GHz	± 3.0 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.45 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 49.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.8 dB (non	ninal)	± 0.25 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 0.38 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	N/A	± 2.6 dB	± 0.53 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

IF frequency response (span ≤ 255 MHz) full bypass path (FBP)

4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)				4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 0.8 dB	± 0.7 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.08dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 0.9 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.06 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 0.08 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.25 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.18 dB
> 24.5 to 49.55 GHz	± 2.45 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.28 dB
> 49.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.75 dB (nominal		± 0.23 dB	± 0.95 dB	± 0.4 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	NA	1
> 3.3 to 6 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.8
> 6 to 18 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.5
> 18 to 20 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	1.2
> 20 to 28 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.8
> 28 to 31 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	1.2
> 31 to 35 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.8
> 35 to 38 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	1.9
> 38 to 50 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.8°
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 255 MHz	Off	0.8°



IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range)	-78 dBc	Signal at –21 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width
(ADC related spurious)	-70 UBC	Signal at -21 ubrs, anywhere in full ir widin

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency		
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-101 dBFS	
> 3.3 to 24.5 GHz	-105 dBFS	
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	-99 dBFS	
50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS	

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-6 dBm	-9 dBm
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-8 dBm	-14 dBm
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	-8 dBm	-11 dBm
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	-8 dBm	-16 dBm
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	-7 dBm	-10 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to ± 2 dB nominal	

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency		
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	147 dB	
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	145 dB	
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	140 dB	
> 24.5 GHz	136 dB	

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -25 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency		
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-82 dBc	
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	-81 dBc	
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	-77 dBc	
> 24.5 GHz	-76 dBc	

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF. The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±1.5 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

For 50 to 75 GHz,	between 20°C	- 30°C
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	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		3b. FBP	
Center frequency	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
1.65 GHz	-148 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-162 dBm/Hz	-162 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A
5.95 GHz	-149 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz
10.95 GHz	-148 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-152 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
18.9 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz
37.25 GHz	-137 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.3 GHz) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high)

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Center frequency	
400 MHz to 50 GHz	-99 dBm
50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBm



Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
400 MHZ (0 3.3 GHZ	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)		attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal
400 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.6 dB
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.2 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 24.5 to 39 GHz	± 2.8 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.8 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.3 dB	± 2.8 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 1.3 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz		± 5.1 dB (typ. ± 2.4dB)	N/A	N/A

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 0.2 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 2.1 dB	± 1.8 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 24.5 to 39 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.3 dB	± 1.0 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 2.9 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 1.2 dB



1 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R10)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 700 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

1.0 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option R10)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 1 GHz		
Tuning range	2 Hz to 74.5 GHz	 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. (for option 550). 	
	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A		
IT fraguency	5490 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.3 GHz)		
IF frequency	690 MHz (Final IF)		
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec		
ADC resolution	14 bits		
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	64-bit data packing only	
Capture memory	16 GB		
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs		
Length (IQ sample pairs)	4,294,967,296 samples with 64-bit data packing	With 89601C VSA software or Fast Capture (FETCH:FCAP?)	
Maximum capture time (time record length)	1.79 s at full 1.0 GHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth	

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1 GHz), microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)			3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.8 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.55 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.13 dB
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.13 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.25 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.45 dB	± 0.13 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 0.07 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 24.5 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.95 dB	± 2.25 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.9 dB	(nominal)	± 0.16 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	N/A	± 4.30 dB	± 0.55 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)				4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.13 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.09 dB	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.15 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.06 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.1 dB	
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.7 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.16 dB	
> 24.5 to 48.55 GHz	± 2.3 dB	± 1.85 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.35 dB	
> 48.55 to 50 GHz	± 0.9 d	B (nominal)	± 0.18 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.35 dB	

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	≤ 1000 MHz	N/A	1.5
> 3.3 to 18 GHz	≤ 1000 MHz	Off	1
> 18 to 25GHz	≤ 1000 MHz	Off	1.5
> 25 to 50 GHz	≤ 1000 MHz	Off	2°
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 1000 MHz	Off	1.5°

IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related	-66 dBc	Signal at –27 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width
spurious)	-00 dbc	Signal at -27 dbi 3, anywhere in luli ii widin



IF residual responses (relative to Full Scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
700 MHz to 13.3 GHz	-91 dBFS
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	-88 dBFS
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	-78 dBFS
> 50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-6 dBm	-8 dBm
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	-8 dBm	-14 dBm
> 8.6 to13.3 GHz	-8 dBm	-11 dBm
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	-8 dBm	-16 dBm
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	-7 dBm	-10 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF Up to ±3.5 dB nominal		

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency		
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	147 dB	
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	146 dB	
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	144 dB	
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	140 dB	
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	135 dB	

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -27 dBF-S, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency		
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	-77 dBc	
> 3.3 to 13.3 GHz	-75 dBc	
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	-72 dBc	
> 24.5 to 50 GHz	-69 dBc	

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally 4.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

For 50 to 75 GHz, between 20°C - 30°C

Center frequency	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on	4	la. FBP	
	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
1.65 GHz	-144 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-161 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A
5.95 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-159 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
10.95 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-157 dBm/Hz	-157 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
18.9 GHz	-141 dBm/Hz	-141 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz
37.25 GHz	-137 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-137 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.3 GHz) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high)		
Center frequency		
700 MHz to 20.5 GHz	-90 dBm	
> 20.5 to 21.5 GHz	-81 dBm	
> 21.5 to 50 GHz	-90 dBm	
> 50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBm	



Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
700 MHz +- 2.2.0Hz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.3 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)		3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal
700 MHz to 3.3 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 24.5 to 39 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.3 dB	± 0.8 dB	± 0.7 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.6 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 1.1 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz		± 4.4 dB (typ. ± 2.0 dB)	N/A	N/A

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)		4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal
> 3.3 to 8.6 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.2 dB
> 8.6 to 13.3 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 13.3 to 24.5 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 24.5 to 39 GHz	± 2.8 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.9 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.0 dB	± 2.7 dB	± 1.0 dB



1.5 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R15)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

1.5 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option R15)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 1.5 GHz	
Tuning range	2 Hz to 74.25 GHz	 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified.
	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A	
	5750 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.5 GHz)	
IF frequency	1200 MHz (Final IF: CF > 3.5 GHz)	
	950 MHz (Final IF: CF ≤ 3.5 GHz	
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec	
ADC resolution	14 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	64-bit data packing only
Capture memory	16 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	3,355,443,186 samples with 64-bit data packing	With 89601C VSA software or Fast Capture (FETCH:FCAP?)
Capture time (time record length)	0.895 s at full 1.5 GHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1.5 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10	dB attenuation	1)	3b. LNA on ((0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0	dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.85 dB	± 0.13 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.13 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.16 dB
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.1 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.14 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.1 dB
> 24 to 45 GHz	± 2.75 dB	± 2.25 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.22 dB
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 0.8 dB (non	ninal)	± 0.16 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.22 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	N/A	± 3.35 dB	± 0.45 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1.5 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dE	3 attenuation)		4b. LNA on (0 dB	attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.1 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 1.65 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.08 dB	± 0.45 dB	± 0.14 dB
> 24 to 45 GHz	± 2.25 dB	± 1.85 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.75 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 45 to 50 GHz	± 0.85 dB (nomi	nal)	± 0.16 dB	± 0.85 dB	± 0.25 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	NA	1.5
> 3.5 to 16 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	Off	0.5
> 16 to 29 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	Off	1.5
> 29 to 35 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	Off	2
> 35 to 50 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	Off	3°
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 1500 MHz	Off	1.5°

IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related	O dBc Signa	Signal at –22 dBFS, anywhere in
spurious)	-00 dbc	full IF width



IF residual responses (relative to Full Scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
950 MHz to 50 GHz	-75 dBFS
50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	-5 dBm	-6 dBm
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-7 dBm	-15 dBm
> 8.9 to 24.0 GHz	-7 dBm	-16 dBm
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	-7 dBm	-10 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to ± 4 dB nominal	

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
950 MHz to 8.9 GHz	147 dB
> 8.9 to 24.0 GHz	143 dB
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	137 dB

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	-77 dBc
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-75 dBc
> 8.9 to 50 GHz	-70 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally \pm 4.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth. For 50 to 75 GHz, between 20°C - 30°C

	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		4a. FBP	
Center frequency	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
1.75 GHz	-143 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	-160 dBm/Hz	NA	NA
6.2 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
16.45 GHz	-146 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
37 GHz	-136 dBm/Hz	-136 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-139 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.5 GHz) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high)

Center frequency		
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	-87 dBm	
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-104 dBm	
> 8.9 to 24.0 GHz	-81 dBm	
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	-98 dBm	
> 50.0 to 75 GHz	-86 dBm	

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	f + 2 * 1st IF MHz
950 MITZ (0 5.5 GTZ	f + 2 * Final IF MHz
> 3.5 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz



Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)		3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal
950 MHz to 3.5 GHz	± 1.3 dB	± 1.2 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.5 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 24 to 39 GHz	± 2.9 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.9 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.5 dB	± 2.9 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 1.1 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz		± 4.5 dB (typ. ± 2.0 dB)	N/A	N/A

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)	4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)		
Frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	
> 3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.4 dB	± 1.3 dB	± 0.3 dB	
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.5 dB	
> 24 to 39 GHz	± 2.7 dB	± 2.4 dB	± 1.0 dB	
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 2.9 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 1.3 dB	



2 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R20)

All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

2.0 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option R20)

Analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 2 GHz	
- .	3.5 GHz to 74.0 GHz	In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough.
Tuning range	50.0 to 110 GHz with V3050A	Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified
IF frequency	1200 MHz (Final IF)	
ADC sample rate	4.8 GSa/sec	
ADC resolution	14 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	64-bit data packing only
Capture memory	16 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	4,294,967,280 samples with 64-bit data packing	With 89601C VSA software or Fast Capture (FETCH:FCAP?)
Capture time (time record length)	0.895 s at full 2.0 GHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response (span ≤ 2 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)			3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)		3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.25 dB	± 0.06 dB	± 0.35 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.1 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.4 dB	± 0.06 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.14 dB
> 24 to 48 GHz	± 3.2 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.16 dB	± 0.65 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 0.65 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 48 to 50 GHz	± 1.2 dB (non	ninal)	± 0.2 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.25 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz	N/A	± 4.35 dB	± 0.55 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

IF frequency response (span ≤ 2 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)			4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 2.1 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.3 dB	± 0.1 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 2.1 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.09 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 24 to 48 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2 dB	± 0.1 dB	± 0.65 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 48 to 50 GHz	± 1 dB (nomin	nal)	± 0.15 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.25 dB

IF phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	0.6°
> 8.9 to 16 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	0.7°
> 16 to 25 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	1.2°
> 25 to 50 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	2.2°
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 2000 MHz	Off	2.0°

IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious) -65 dBc Signal at -22 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 50 GHz	-75 dBFS
50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS



Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-7 dBm	-15 dBm
> 8.9 to 24.0 GHz	-7 dBm	-16 dBm
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	-7 dBm	-10 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to ± 4 dB nominal	

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	145 dB
> 8.9 to 24.0 GHz	143 dB
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	137 dB

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-75 dBc
> 8.9 to 50 GHz	-70 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally ± 2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

For 50 to 75 GHz, between 20°C - 30°C

3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		4a. FBP	4a. FBP	
Center frequency	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
6.2 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-150 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-157 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-154 dBm/Hz
16.45 GHz	-147 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-158 dBm/Hz	-151 dBm/Hz	-153 dBm/Hz
37 GHz	-137 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz	-145 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-137 dBm/Hz	-137 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz	-138 dBm/Hz	-138 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high)

Center frequency	
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	-104 dBm
> 8.9 to 20.5 GHz	-98 dBm
> 20.5 to 24.0 GHz	-81 dBm
> 24.0 to 50 GHz	-98 dBm
> 50.0 to 75 GHz	-86 dBm

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
3.5 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)		3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.7 dB	± 1.6 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 24 to 39 GHz	± 2.8 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 0.9 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.5 dB	± 2.9 dB	± 1.0 dB	± 1.0 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz		± 4.5 dB (typ. ± 2.0 dB)	N/A	N/A



Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dE	3 attenuation)	4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal
3.5 to 8.9 GHz	± 1.6 dB	± 1.5 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 8.9 to 24 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 24 to 39 GHz	± 2.6 dB	± 2.3 dB	± 0.9 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 2.9 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 1.0 dB



4 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R40)

All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

4 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option R40)

Instrument analysis bandwidth range	10 Hz to 4.0 GHz	
Analysis bandwidth range (R40 path)	40 MHz to 4.0 GHz	
Tuning range	10 to 73 GHz	 In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified
	> 50.0 to 108 GHz with V3050A	
IF frequency	2550 MHz (Final IF)	
ADC sample rate	10.2 GSa/sec	
ADC resolution	12 bits	
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa	64-bit data packing only
Capture memory	16 GB	
IQ Analyzer	32,000,001 sample pairs	
Length (IQ sample pairs)	4,210,752,234 samples with 64-bit data packing	With 89601C VSA software or Fast Capture (FETCH:FCAP?)
Maximum capture time (time record length)	0.42 s at full 4.0 GHz BW with 64-bit data packing	Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth

IF frequency response (span ≤ 4 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation)			enuation) 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)			3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)	
10 to 22.7 GHz	± 2.2 dB	± 1.75 dB	± 0.13 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.5 dB	± 0.35 dB	
> 22.7 to 46.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 3.7 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.7 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 0.9 dB	± 0.25 dB	
> 46.75 to 49 GHz	± 1 dB (nomi	nal)	± 0.2 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.2 dB	± 1 dB	± 0.25 dB	
> 50 to 75 GHz	N/A	± 4.10 dB	± 0.45 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

IF frequency response (span ≤ 4 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation)				4b. LNA on (0 dB atten	
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	RMS (nominal)	Nominal	RMS (nominal)
10 to 22.7 GHz	± 2.3 dB	± 1.8 dB	± 0.12 dB	± 0.6 dB	± 0.15 dB
> 22.7 to 46.75 GHz	± 3.0 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.15 dB	± 0.7 dB	± 0.25 dB
> 46.75 to 49 GHz	± 1 dB (nominal)		± 0.15 dB	± 1.1 dB	± 0.25 dB

IF Phase linearity

Center frequency	Span (MHz)	Preselector	RMS (nominal)
10 to 17 GHz	≤ 4000 MHz	Off	0.8
> 17 to 26 GHz	≤ 4000 MHz	Off	1.3
> 26 to 34 GHz	≤ 4000 MHz	Off	2.2
> 34 to 50 GHz	≤ 4000 MHz	Off	2.7°
> 50 to 75 GHz	≤ 4000 MHz	Off	2.5°

IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range)	-69 dBc	Signal at –16 dB FS, anywhere in full IF
(ADC related spurious)	-09 dBC	width

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
10 to 50 GHz	-87 dBFS
50 to 75 GHz	-100 dBFS



Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

Center frequency	Mixer level for IF gain = low	Mixer level for IF gain = high
10 to 22.7 GHz	-6 dBm	-16 dBm
> 22.7 to 50 GHz	-6 dBm	-13 dBm
Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF	Up to + 4 dB nominal	

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

Center frequency		
10 to 22.7 GHz	144 dB	
> 22.7 to 50 GHz	139 dB	
> 35 to 50 GHz	131 dB	

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -14 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency	
10 to 22.7 GHz	-66 dBc
> 22.7 to 50 GHz	-69 dBc

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally ± 5.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

For 50 to 75 GHz, between 20°C - 30°

	3a. MPB		3b. LNA on		4a. FBP	
Center frequency	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high	IF gain = low	IF gain = high
16.35 GHz	-139 dBm/Hz	-142 dBm/Hz	-156 dBm/Hz	-155 dBm/Hz	-143 dBm/Hz	-147 dBm/Hz
36.35 GHz	-135 dBm/Hz	-135 dBm/Hz	-148 dBm/Hz	-149 dBm/Hz	-140 dBm/Hz	-144 dBm/Hz
53.875 GHz	-136 dBm/Hz	-136 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
61.6 GHz	-135 dBm/Hz	-135 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
69.2 GHz	-135 dBm/Hz	-135 dBm/Hz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Spurious responses (preselector enabled) (nominal)

Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high)

Center frequency	
10 to 21.0 GHz	-75 dBm
> 21.0 to 21.5 GHz	-65 dBm
> 21.5 to 50 GHz	-75 dBm
> 50 to 75 GHz	-96 dBm

Image responses

Tuned frequency (f)	Excitation frequency
10 to 50 GHz	f + 2 * Final IF MHz

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

	3a. MPB (10 d	dB attenuation)	3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation)	3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal	Nominal
10 to 22.7 GHz	± 1.9 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB	± 0.3 dB
> 22.7 to 39 GHz	± 2.8 dB	± 2.5 dB	± 0.7 dB	± 0.6 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.3 dB	± 2.8 dB	± 0.7 dB	± 0.8 dB
> 50 to 75 GHz		± 4.6 dB (tvp. ± 2.1 dB)	N/A	N/A

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

	4a. FBP (10 dB	attenuation)	4b. FBP, LNA on (0 dB attenuation)
Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C	Nominal
10 to 22.7 GHz	± 2.0 dB	± 1.7 dB	± 0.4 dB
> 22.7 to 39 GHz	± 2.5 dB	± 2.2 dB	± 0.8 dB
> 39 to 50 GHz	± 3.1 dB	± 2.7 dB	± 0.8 dB



11 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option EDC; requires Option CRW)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies specified in table. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF Gain = Auto, IF Gain Offset = 0 dB.

Requires options CRW and EDC; connected to Keysight M8131A 16/32 GSa/s Digitizer.

11 GHz analysis bandwidth (Option EDC; requires Option CRW)

Analysis bandwidth range	40 MHz to 11.0 GHz
Turker	20.5 to 46 GHz using RF Input connector
Tuning range	55.5 to 104.5 GHz using V3050A
IF frequency	6200 MHz (Final IF)
ADC sample rate	32 GSa/sec
ADC resolution	10 bits
Final data format	I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa
Capture memory	1 GB
Length (IQ sample pairs)	800 MSa (229 Sa)
Maximum capture time (time record length)	26 ms at full 11.0 GHz BW

Real-Time Spectrum Analyzer (RTSA)

General frequency domain characteristics

A/D converter sample rate	4.8 Gsa/s (2.4 GHz complex)			
Supported detectors	Peak, Negative Peak, Sample, Average Voltage, Average Power (RMS)			
Number of display traces	Up to 6			
Available types of traces	Clear Write, Max Hold,	Min Hold		
Window types	Hanning, Blackman-Ha	rris, Rectangular, Flattop	, Kaiser, Gaussian	
	6 RBWs available for each window type for spans			
Resolutions bandwidths (RBW) (Default window type = Kaiser)	Approximate Span: RBW ratio for windows (Note: not applicable for spans from 240 to 255 MHz, 960 MHz to 1 GHz and from 1.9 to 2 GHz) Flattop = 7 to 212 Gaussian, Blackman-Harris = 13 to 417 Kaiser = 13 to 418 Hanning = 17 to 551			
Span	Min RBW		Max RBW	
1 kHz	1.86 Hz		59.4 Hz	
255 MHz	447 kHz		14.3 MHz	
1 GHz	1.78 MHz		57.1 MHz	
2 GHz	3.57 MHz		114 MHz	
	N9042RTAB N9042RTBB		N9042RTEB	N9042RTFB
Center frequency		Maximum real-tin	ne analysis bandwidth	
≥ 2 Hz to 670 MHz	(center frequency + 80	MHz) x 2, up to 1 GHz	(center free	quency + 80 MHz) x 2
> 670 MHz to 3.5 GHz	1 G	Hz	1.5 GHz	
> 3.5 GHz to 50 GHz	1 G	Hz	2 GHz	
> 50 GHz to 110 GHz (with V3050A)	1 GHz (maximum center frequency for full measurement bandwidth = 109.5 GHz)		2 GHz (maximum center frequency for full measurement bandwidth = 109 GHz)	
Minimum signal duration for 100% probability of intercept (POI) with full amplitude accuracy (with at least 50% overlap)	15.4 µs	227 ns	15.4 µs	227 ns
Histogram	Max 1 GHz BW (span) Max 2 GHz BW (span)			
Maximum sample rate (Hz)	1.247259439e9	1.247259439e9	2.4e9	2.4e9
(Gap free) FFT processing rate	4,687,500 FFT/sec			
FFT Length	1024			



Supported triggers	Free Run, Line, External 1, External 2, External 3, RF Burst, Periodic, FMT, ADC				
Number of markers	12				
Supported markers	Normal, Delta, Noise, B	and Power			
Filter Type	Gaussian, Flattop, Blac	kman-Harris, Rectangu	lar, Hanning, Kaiser		
Amplitude resolution	.01 dB				
Frequency points	821		855		
RMS average	Yes				
Minimum acquisition time	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz	8.55 µs	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz	8.55 µs	
Willimum acquisition time	236.45 µs @ 1 GHz	0.55 μs	239.4 µs @ 2 GHz	0.55 μs	
Maximum acquisition time at widest bandwidth					
Spectrogram and Normal	3.58 sec				
Density view	3.58 sec				
Density and spectrogram	3.58 sec				

Density view

	N9042RTAB	N9042RTBB	N9042RTEB	N9042RTFB		
Probability range	0 to 100%					
Minimum span	1 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz		
Maximum span	1 GHz	1 GHz	2 GHz	2 GHz		
Persistence duration	Infinite, Finite	Infinite, Finite				
Color palettes	Cool, Warm, Grayso	Cool, Warm, Grayscale, Radar, Fire, Frost				

Spectrogram View

	N9042RTAB	N9042RTBB	N9042RTEB	N9042RTFB
Maximum number of acquisitions stored	250,000			
Dynamic range covered by colors	200 dB			
Minimum slice time	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 232.45 µs @ 1 GHz	8.55 µs	8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 239.4 µs @ 2 GHz	8.55 µs

Power vs. Time

	N9042RTAB	N9042RTBB	N9042RTEB	N9042RTFB			
Supported detectors	Peak, Negative Peal	k, Sample, Average Voltage, Averag	je Power (RMS)				
Supported triggers	Free Run, Line, Exte	Free Run, Line, External 1, External 2, External 3, RF Burst, Periodic, FMT, Level (PvT) ≤ 255 MHz, ADC					
Number of markers	12						
Maximum time viewable	13.77 s @ 1 GHz		7.27 s @ 2 GHz				
Minimum time viewable	13.96 µs @ 1 GHz		8.55 µs @ 2 GHz				
Maximum IF bandwidth	1 GHz	1 GHz 2 GHz					
Minimum detectable signal duration	Note: Signal must hat effects.	Note: Signal must have > 60 dB signal to mask (StM) to maintain 100% POI. Does not include analog front-end effects.					
With Option B2X	3.33 ns						
With Option R10	802 ps	802 ps					
With Option R15	n/a		535 ps				
With Option R20	n/a		418 ps				

Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT)

	N9042RTAB	N9042RTBB	N9042RTEB	N9042RTFB	
Trigger views	Density, Spectrogram, N	lormal			
Trigger setting resolution	0.001 dB				
Trigger conditions	Enter, Leave, Inside, Outside, Enter->Leave, Leave->Enter, TQT				
Minimum Time Qualified Trigger (TQT) duration	14.77 µs @ 1 GHz	231 ns @ 1 GHz	14.96 μs @ 2 GHz	214 ns @ 2 GHz	
Minimum detectable signal duration with > 6 0 dB Signal to Mask (StM)	Note: Calculated with the length 1024 Blackman-Harris window				



 At 170 MHz 	9.43 ns	9.43 ns	9.43 ns	9.43 ns
 With Option B2X (255 MHz) 	9.32 µs	6.67 ns	10.98 µs	6.67 ns
With Option R10 (1 GHz)	14.13 µs	1.60 ns	14.13 µs	1.60 ns
With Option R15 (1.5 GHz)	n/a		14.34 µs	1.06 ns
With Option R20 (2 GHz)	n/a		14.62 µs	1.25 ns

Minimum signal duration (in μ s) for 100% probability of FMT triggering with various RBW

Span										
N9042RTAB/ N9042RTEB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
RBW1	0.64	0.76	1.04	3.62	5.13	5.45	7.26	10.89	21.79	43.58
RBW2	0.43	0.49	0.63	1.92	2.71	2.88	3.84	5.76	11.53	23.05
RBW3	0.32	0.35	0.42	1.06	1.50	1.599	2.13	3.197	6.39	12.79
RBW4	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.64	0.90	0.96	1.28	1.91	3.83	7.66
RBW5	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.424	0.599	0.64	0.85	1.27	2.55	5.09
RBW6	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.32	0.45	0.48	0.64	0.95	1.90	3.81
N9042RTBB/ N9042RTFB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
RBW1	16.24	16.42	17.24	23.91	5.13	5.45	7.26	10.89	21.79	43.58
RBW2	15.82	15.87	16.42	20.49	2.71	2.88	3.84	5.76	11.53	23.05
RBW3	15.50	15.74	16.21	19.64	1.50	1.599	2.13	3.197	6.39	12.79
RBW4	15.44	15.67	15.70	19.21	0.90	0.96	1.28	1.91	3.83	7.66
RBW5	15.42	15.36	15.65	17.29	0.599	0.64	0.85	1.27	2.55	5.09
RBW6	15.40	15.34	15.62	17.18	0.45	0.48	0.64	0.95	1.90	3.81

Minimum signal duration (in μ s) for 100% probability of FMT triggering with various Signal to Mask (StM) Note: Calculated with the length 1024 Blackman-Harris window

Span										
N9042RTAB/ N9042RTEB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
0 dB offset	16.25	16.42	17.24	23.91	5.13	5.452	7.27	10.90	21.81	43.62
6 dB offset	15.82	15.87	16.42	20.51	0.96	1.017	1.36	2.03	4.07	8.14
12 dB offset	15.74	15.77	16.27	19.85	0.46	0.49	0.65	0.97	1.94	3.89
20 dB offset	15.66	15.68	16.13	19.27	0.18	0.195	0.26	0.39	0.78	1.56
40 dB offset	15.55	15.53	15.91	18.37	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.20
60 dB offset	15.48	15.44	15.78	17.81	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08
N9042RTBB/ N9042RTFB	2 GHz	1.5 GHz	1 GHz	255 MHz	170 MHz	160 MHz	120 MHz	80 MHz	40 MHz	20 MHz
0 dB offset	0.64	0.76	1.04	3.63	5.13	5.45	7.27	10.90	21.81	43.62
6 dB offset	0.22	0.22	0.23	0.68	0.96	1.02	1.36	2.03	4.07	8.14
12 dB offset	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.32	0.46	0.49	0.65	0.97	1.94	3.89
20 dB offset	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.18	0.195	0.26	0.39	0.78	1.56
40 dB offset	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.20
60 dB offset	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.007	0.009	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08



General Specifications

Temperature range Operating	0 to 40 °C				
Storage	-40 to +70 °C				
Storage	Operating: Up to 3,000 meters (9,842 feet)				
Altitude	De-rate maximum temperature (40 °C) by 1 °C	for every 200 meters above 2 000 meters			
, undage	Non-operating: up to 4,600 m (approx. 15,091 feet)				
Maximum relative humidity	95% up to 40 °C, non-condensing				
Environment					
Indoor use					
Power requirements					
Voltage and fraguency (naminal)	100/120 V, 50/60/400 Hz	T1 : 1			
Voltage and frequency (nominal)	220/240 V, 50/60 Hz	The instruments can operate with mains supply			
Dated input namer	900W with C20 input connector (maximum)	voltage fluctuations up to ± 10% of the nominal voltage			
Rated input power	850W with C14 input connector (maximum)	voltage			
Power consumption, on	811W (typical)				
Power consumption, standby	30 W				
Display					
Resolution	1280 x 800				
Size	357 mm (14.1 in.) diagonal (nominal) capacitive	multi-touch screen			
Data storage					
Internal	Removable solid-state drive (≥ 256 GB)				
External	Supports USB 3.0/2.0 compatible memory device				
		ore, 1.9 GHz clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes			
CPU	secure memory for instrument calibration data				
	Option PCA: Modular; Intel i7, 6-core, 2.7 GHz clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes secure memory for				
	instrument calibration data.				
Operating system	Option W10: Windows-10, Enterprise Option W11: Windows-11, Enterprise				
Weight (without option R40)	Opaon WTT. Windows TT, Enterprise				
Net	38.6 kg (85 lbs) (nominal)				
Shipping	44.5 kg (98 lbs) (nominal)				
Dimensions					
Height	281 mm (11 in)				
Width	459 mm (18 in)				
Length	575 mm (22.6 in)				
Longin					
Calibration cycle					



Inputs and Outputs

Front panel

RF input						
Option 526, 544, 550	2.4 mm male, 50 Ω (nominal) (star	ndard)				
Option 575	1.0 mm, 50 Ω (nominal)	idara)				
Space of the space	Adapter 2.4 mm to 3.5 mm included with Option 526					
Internal calibrator output						
Cal Out	2.4 mm female, 10 MHz to 50 GHz	z internal calibrator output				
	2.4 IIIII lemale, 10 WH 12 to 50 GHz	internal cambrator output				
USB ports						
Туре	Description	Connector	Output current			
Standard (2)	Compatible with USB 2.0	USB Type-A female	0.5 A			
USB 3.0 (2)	Compatible with USB 3.0	USB Type-A female (blue)	0.9 A			
USB C (1)	Compatible with USB Type-C	USB Type-C female	5 V, 3.0 A 15 V, 3.0 A			
Wide IF out (enabled by Option CRW)		,			
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω nominal					
External frequency extender, wide ba	andwidth (option EXW), interface	for use with V3050A				
High LO Out	2.4 mm female; licensed as option		al analyzer frequency extender			
High LO out power	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Frequency range	Full range	Full range				
9.8 to 50 GHz	4.9 to 13.7 dBm	4.9 to 13.7 dBm				
External mixing (Option EXM)						
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω , (nominal) at IF	and LO frequencies				
Functions	Diplexer, LO output and IF input	·				
IF input						
Maximum safe level	+7 dBm					
	IF BW ≤ 25 MHz					
Contrato	40 MHz IF path	322.5 MHz 250 MHz				
Center frequency	255 MHz IF path		690 MHz			
	1 GHz IF path	·				
Bandwidth	Supports all optional IFs up to and	including R10				
ADC clipping level	25, 255, or 1 GHz IF paths		-15 dBm (nominal)			
	40 MHz IF path		-20 dBm (nominal)			
1 dB gain compression	-2 dB (nominal)					
Gain accuracy (The amplitude accuracy of a measurement includes this term	IF BW	Full range	20 to 30 °C			
and the accuracy with which the	IF BW ≤ 25 MHz (swept and narrowband)	± 2.5 dB	± 1.2 dB			
settings of corrections model the loss of the external mixer.)	Wider IF BW	± 1.2 dB (nominal)				
	Center frequency	Width	RMS (nominal)			
	322.5 MHz	± 5 MHz	0.05 dB			
IF frequency response	322.5 MHz	± 12.5 MHz	0.07 dB			
	250 MHz	± 20 MHz	0.10 dB			
	690 MHz	± 127.5 MHz	0.12 dB			
	690 MHz	± 500 MHz	0.18 dB			
Noise figure (322.5 MHz, swept operation high IF gain)	11 dB (nominal)	11 dB (nominal)				
VSWR	See plot below					



LO output					
Frequency range	3.75 to 14.1 GHz				
	The LO output port power is compatible with Keysight M1970 and 11970 Series mixers except for the 11970K. The power is specified at the connector. Cable loss will affect the power available at the mixer. With non-Keysight/Agilent mixer units, supplied loss calibration data may be valid only at a specified LO power that may differ from the power available at the mixer. In such cases, additional uncertainties apply.				
Output power	Center frequency	Full range	20 to 30 °C		
	3.75 to 8.72 GHz (LO Doubler = Off settings)	+13.5 to 19 dBm	+15 to 18 dBm		
	7.8 to 14.1 GHz (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz)	N/A	+14 to 18.5 dBm		
Second harmonic	-20 dB (nominal) (LO Doubler = Off settings)				
Fundamental feedthrough and	-30 dB (nominal)				
undesired harmonics	(LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental fre	equency = 3.9 to 7.05 GH	Hz)		
VSWR (The reflection coefficient has a Rayleigh probability distribution from 3.75 GHz to 14.1 GHz with a median VSWR of 1.22:1.)	1.8:1 (nominal)				

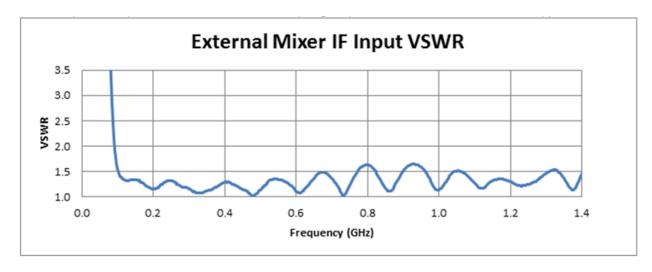


Figure 15. External mixer IF input VSWR

Rear panel

10 MHz out	
Connector	BNC female, 50Ω (nominal)
Output amplitude	≥ 0 dBm (nominal)
Frequency	10 MHz × (1+ frequency reference accuracy)
Ext ref in	
Connector	BNC female, 50Ω (nominal)
Input amplitude range	-5 to 10 dBm (nominal)
Input frequency	1 to 50 MHz (nominal)
Frequency lock range	± 2 x 10-6 of specified external reference input frequency
Trigger 1 and 2 inputs	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Connector	BNC female,10 kΩ (nominal)
Trigger level range	-5 to 5 V
	1 - 4 - 1
Trigger 3 input (precision, for wide	- -
Connector	SMA, female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Trigger level range	–5 to 5 V
Trigger 1 and 2 outputs	
Connector	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal)
Trigger level range	0 to 5 V (CMOS) (nominal)
Monitor output 1 (Option PC8 CPU)	
Connector	VGA compatible, 15-pin mini D-SUB
Format	XGA (60 Hz vertical sync rates, non-interlaced) analog RGB
Resolution	1280 x 800 (Default)
Monitor output 2 (Option PC8 CPU)	
Connector	Mini DisplayPort
Resolution	1280 x 800 (Default)
Monitor Output (Option PCA CPU)	
Connector	DisplayPort
Resolution	1280 x 800
Noise source drive +28 V (pulsed)	
Connector	BNC female
Output voltage	On 28.0 ±0.1 V (nominal, 60 mA maximum)
Output voltage	Off < 1 V
SNS series noise source (for use	with Keysight Technologies' SNS series noise sources
Connector	12-pin circular
Analog out	
Connector	BNC female
USB ports	
USB 3.0 (Option PC8 CPU, host, s	unaranaadi 2 narta\
• • •	
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0 USB Type-A female
Connector Output current	0.9 A (nominal)
· ·	
USB 2.0 (Option PC8 CPU, 1 port)	
Standard	Compatible with USB 2.0
Connector	USB Type-A female
Output current	0.5 A (nominal)
USB 3.1 (Option PCA CPU, 4 ports)	Compatible with LISP 2.0
Standard Connector	Compatible with USB 3.0 USB Type-A female
Output current	0.9 A (nominal)
USB 3.0 (Option PC8 and PCA CPUs	
Standard	Compatible with USB 3.0
Connector	USB Type-B female
COMMODIO	COD 1, po D formulo



GPIB interface				
Connector	IEEE-488 bus connector			
GPIB codes	SH1, AH1, T6, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, C1, C2, C3, C28, DT1, L4, C0			
GPIB mode	Controller or device			
Thunderbolt (Option PCA CPU)				
Connector	USB Type C, female (2 ports)			
Output power	5 V, 1.0 A max			
PCIe X4 interface (Option PC8 CPU)				
Connector	PCIe X4, female			
Digital bus interface				
Connector	MDR-80			
LAN TCP/IP interface				
Standard	Option PC8 and PCA CPUs: 1G Base-T			
Statiuatu	Option PCA CPU: 10G Base-T			
Connector	RJ45 Ethertwist			



Optical Data Interface (ODI)

ODI physical interface char	racteristics				
Specification		ODI-1: Physica	ODI-1: Physical Layer Specification, Revision 3.0		
Number of ODI ports		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Connector		MPO style, 2 ro	MPO style, 2 rows of 12 fiber positions		
Lane rate		12.5 Gbit/s	·		
Interlaken burst max		2048 byte			
Flow control		In-band	·		
Port directionality		Producer only			
Port aggregation		Not applicable			
Interlaken channels		1 channel (Ch 0)			
Streaming data rate		Up to 9.6 GByte/s			
ODI data format capability					
Specification		ODI-2: Transport Layer, Revision 3.0 ODI-2.1: High Speed Data Formats, Revision 3.0			
Packet types supported		Data packets Context packet	Data packets		
Context packets		Signal context packets supported: Data includes bandwidth, IF frequency, RF frequency, reference level, sample rate, overrange count			
Control packets		Not used			
Timestamp support		Supported, time of day Typical accuracy: System clock ± 20 µs			
Trailer bit support		Overrange Spectral inversion Incomplete packet			
Data format class IDs supporte	ed	See table below			
Signal data packet size		Data size 65,536 bytes 16,384 16-bit IQ samples per packet 8,192 32-bit IQ samples per packet			
Supported data format and	class ID table	,			
Item packing field width	Data item (signed)	Real or IQ	Data type identifier	Notes	
32-bit	16-bit	IQ	0x18	16-bit I&Q for bandwidths > 255.176 MHz	
64-bit	32-bit	IQ	0x20	32-bit I&Q for bandwidths ≤ 255.176MHz	
	V= 2.1		V/.=V	02 20, 142 10, 24, 14, 14, 15	
AUX IF output		0040.6	II ODO ODD IA	arv.	
Connector			SMA female, shared by CR3, CRP and ALV		
Impedance			50 Ω nominal		
AUX IF output, second IF o	utput, licensed as (Option CR3 (includ	ed as standard), IF pat	h ≤ 40 MHz)	
SA mode		322.5 MHz cen	ter frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF bandwidth	≤ 25 MHz		322.5 MHz center frequency		
IQ analyzer with IF path 40 MHz			250 MHz center frequency		
Conversion gain (SA mode and up to 40 MHz bandwidth, 0 dB attenuation)		-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response			
Bandwidth (-6 dB)					
< 3.6 GHz		Up to 1 GHz nominal			
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector			Depends on RF center frequency		
> 3.6 GHz, with preselector bypass			± 3 dB (nominal) IF frequ	ency range	
				m analysis or IF path ≤ 40 MHz)	
IF Range		<u>`</u>	10 to 75 MHz (user selectable)		
Resolution		0.5 MHz	,		
Conversion gain at RF center frequency with 0 dB attenuation			-1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response		
		Subject to folding	Subject to folding		
Lower output frequencies		Subject to folding			



5			
Bandwidth			
Highpass corner frequency	5 MHz (nominal) at -3 dB		
Lowpass corner frequency	120 MHz (nominal) at -3 dB		
Bandwidth with output at 70 MHz			
< 3.6 GHz or > 3.6 GHz with preselector bypassed	100 MHz nominal		
Preselected band	Depends on RF center frequency		
AUX IF output, Fast Log Video, licensed as option	on ALV (only available for IF path \leq 40 N	MHz)	
General port specifications			
Connector	SMA female	Shared with other options	
Impedance	50 Ω nominal	Shared with other options	
Fast Log Video output (preamp off, preselector	bypass for > 3.6 GHz)		
Output voltage	Open-circuit voltages shown		
Maximum	1.6 V at –10 dBm nominal		
Slope	25 ± 1 mV/dB nominal		
Rise Time	15 ns nominal		
Fall Time	40 ns nominal		
Tall Time	Other cases, depends on bandwidth.		
Y-axis video output, licensed as option YAV			
General port specifications			
Connector	BNC female	Shared with other options	
Impedance	50 Ω nominal	onared with other options	
Screen video			
Display scale types	Log or Lin	"Lin" is linear in voltage	
Log scales	All (0.1 to 20 dB/div)		
Modes	Spectrum analyzer only		
Gating	Gating must be off		
Output scaling	0 to 1.0 V open circuit, representing bottom to top of screen		
Offset	± 1% of full scale nominal		
Gain accuracy	± 1% of output voltage nominal		
Log video (Log envelope) output			
Amplitude range (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V nominal for –10 dBm at the mixer		
Scale factor	Output changes 1 V per 192.66 dB change in the signal envelope		
Bandwidth	Set by RBW		
Operating conditions	Select Sweep Type = Swept		
Linear video (AM demod) output			
Amplitude ranger (terminated with 50 Ω)			
Maximum	1.0 V nominal for signal envelope at the reference level		
Minimum	0 V		
Scale factor	If carrier level is set to half the reference level in volts, the scale factor is 200% of carrier level per volt. Regardless of the carrier level, the scale factor is 100% of reference level per volt.		
Bandwidth	Set by RBW		



Regulatory Information

This product is designed for use in INSTALLATION CATEGORY II and POLLUTION DEGREE 2 and MEASUREMENT CATEGORY NONE.

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with accepted industry standards and has been supplied in a safe condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the product in a safe condition.

This product is intended for indoor use.

Safety and regulatory markings which may be on the product

C€	The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community (if accompanied by a year, it is the year when the design was proven). This product complies with all relevant directives.
ccr.keysight@keysight.com	The Keysight email address is required by EU directives applicable to our product.
CAN ICES/NMB-001(A)	Canada EMC label. Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment. Matériel industriel, scientifique et médical (ISM)
ISM 1-A (GRP.1 CLASS A)	This is a symbol of an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product. (CISPR 11, Clause 4)
eu 🎛 a	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the CSA International.
	The RCM mark is a registered trademark of the Australian Communications and Media Authority.
UK CA	UK conformity mark is a UK government owned mark. Products showing this mark comply with all applicable UK regulations.
	This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment mandated under EU law as of August 13, 2005. All electric and electronic equipment are required to be separated from normal waste for disposal (Reference WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC). The crossed out wheeled bin symbol indicates that separate collection for waste electric and electronic equipment (WEEE) is required, as obligated by the EU DIRECTIVE and other National legislation. Please refer to keysight.com/go/takeback to understand your Trade in options with Keysight in addition to product takeback instructions.
40	China Restricted Substance Product Label. The EPUP (environmental protection use period) number in the center indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substances or elements are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use and generally reflects the expected useful life of the product.
	Universal recycling symbol. This symbol indicates compliance with the China standard GB 18455-2001 as required by the China RoHS regulations for paper/fiberboard packaging.
⟨™ ⟩	More than one person is required to safely lift or carry this instrument. Alternately a mechanical lift can be used to eliminate the risk of personal injury.
	South Korean Certification (KC) mark; includes the marking's identifier code.
**	This symbol indicates the presence of a class 1 Laser device



Regulatory, environmental and certifications

Complies with the essential requirements of the European EMC Directive and the UK Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity): IEC/EN 61326-1 CISPR 11 Group 1, Class A Caution: This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.AS/NZS CISPR 11 ICES/NMB-001 **EMC** This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001 Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada NOTE: This is a sensitive measurement apparatus by design and may have some performance loss (up to 25 dBm above the Spurious Responses, Residual specification of -100 dBm) when exposed to 3V/m ambient continuous electromagnetic phenomenon in the range of 80 MHz to 6 GHz (similar to those used in testing per IEC 61000-4-3). This equipment has been conformity assessed for use in business environments. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference. This EMC statement applies to the equipment only for use in business environment. 사용자안내문 South Korean Class A EMC declaration 이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가를 받은 기기로서 가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다. ※ 사용자 안내문은 "업무용 방송통신기자재"에만 적용한다. Complies with the essential requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity): IEC/EN 61010-1 Canada: CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1 Safety USA: UL std no. 61010-1 WARNING "WARNING: EMBEDDED CLASS 1 INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION, DO NOT EXPOSE USERS OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH TELESCOPES" Acoustic noise emission LpA < 70 dB Operator position Normal operation mode per ISO 7779 Acoustic statement Acoustic noise - more information (European Machinery (Values given are per ISO 7779 standard in the "Operator Sitting" position) Directive) Ambient temperature (< 40 °C) Nominally under 55 dBA Sound Pressure. Ambient temperature (≥ 40 °C) Nominally under 65 dBA Sound Pressure. Samples of this product have been type tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use; those stresses Environmental stress include, but are not limited to, temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude, and power line conditions; test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MILPRF-28800F Class 3.

To find a current Declaration of Conformity for a specific Keysight product, go to:

http://www.keysight.com/go/conformity



Additional resources

The N9042B UXA X-Series signal analyzer isn't the only thing that will bring you to RF breakthroughs. Powerful software drives your measurements while finely tuned hardware takes them to new heights. In order to move the measurement plane to your device under test, reach even higher levels of measurement accuracy, and achieve 4 GHz of signal analysis and generation, the N9042B UXA partners with the:

- PathWave X-Series measurement applications and PathWave Vector Signal Analysis (VSA)
- V3050A frequency extender for an unbanded, preselected frequency range to 110 GHz
- U9361 RCal receiver calibrator for improved receiver test system accuracy by 10X
- M9484C VXG signal generator for wideband stimulus and response testing

N9042B UXA Signal Analyzer Configuration Guide (3121-1036.EN)

www.keysight.com/find/N9042B

Confidently Covered by Keysight Services

Prevent delays caused by technical questions and reduce system downtime due to instrument maintenance and repairs with Keysight Services. Keysight Services are here to support your test needs with expert technical support, instrument repair and calibration, software support, training, alternative acquisition program options, and more.

A KeysightCare agreement provides dedicated, proactive support through a single point of contact for instruments, software, and solutions. KeysightCare covers an extensive group of instruments, application software, and solutions and ensures optimal uptime, faster response, faster access to experts, and faster resolution.

Keysight services

Offering	Benefits	
KeysightCare	KeysightCare provides elevated support for Keysight instruments and software, with access to technical support experts that respond within a specified time and ensure committed repair and calibration turnaround times (TAT).	
KEYSIGHT CARE	KeysightCare offers multiple service agreement tiers, including KeysightCare Assured, Enhanced, and Application Software Support. See the KeysightCare data sheet for details.	
KeysightCare Assured	KeysightCare Assured goes beyond basic warranty with repair services that include committed TAT and unlimited access to technical experts.	
KeysightCare Enhanced	KeysightCare Enhanced includes all the benefits of KeysightCare Assured plus Keysight's accurate and reliable Calibration Services, accelerated, and committed TAT, and technical response.	
Keysight Support Portal & Knowledge Center	All KeysightCare tiers include access to the Keysight Support Portal where you can manage support and service resources related to your assets such as service requests, and status, or browse the Knowledge Center.	
Education Services	Build confidence and gain new skills to make accurate measurements, with flexible Education Services developed by Keysight experts. Including Start-up Assistance.	
Alternative acquisition options		
KeysightAccess	Reduce budget challenges with a leased-based subscription service, that offers low monthly payments, enabling you to get the instruments, software, and technical support you want for your test needs.	



Recommended services

Maximize your test system up-time by securing technical support, repair, and calibration services with committed response and turnaround times. 1-year KeysightCare Assured is included in every new instrument purchase. Obtain multi-year KeysightCare upfront to eliminate the need for lengthy and tedious paperwork and yearly requests for maintenance budget. Plus, you benefit from secured service for 2, 3, or 5 years.

Service	Function	
KeysightCare Enhanced ¹	Includes tech support, warranty and calibration	
R-55B-001-1	KeysightCare Enhanced – Upgrade 1 year	
R-55B-001-2	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 2 years	
R-55B-001-3	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 3 years (Recommended)	
R-55B-001-5	KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 5 years (Recommended)	
KeysightCare Assured	Includes tech support and warranty	
R-55A-001-2	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 2 years	
R-55A-001-3	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 3 years	
R-55A-001-5	KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 5 years	
Start-Up Assistance		
PS-S40-01	Included – instrument fundamentals and operations starter	
PS-S40-04	Recommended – instrument fundamentals and operations starter	
PS-S40-02	Optional, technology & measurement science standard learning	

^{1.} Available in select countries. For details, please view the datasheet. R-55B-001-2/3/5 must be ordered with R-55B-001-1.



Keysight enables innovators to push the boundaries of engineering by quickly solving design, emulation, and test challenges to create the best product experiences. Start your innovation journey at www.keysight.com.